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Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, — Published Weekly — BY JOHN S. & HORATIO N. GALLAHER.

VOL. 39. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1846. NO. 36.

A CARD.

DR. MASON may hereafter be found at his residence, recently occupied by John R. Flagg, Esq., and next door to the Bank.

Charlestown, Sept. 10, 1846 —*Spirit copy* 3t.

J. Gregg Gibson, M. D.,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He has become associated with Dr. J. J. H. STRAITH, so that he will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel. Unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr Straith's office.

Aug 27, 1846—3m.

ANDREW E. KENNEDY,

Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Chancery,

BALTIMORE, MD,

PRACTICES in the various Courts of the city, Annapolis, Ellicotts Mills, and Bel Air, Harford county.

Office, No. 6, Court-house Lane.

Reference may be made to James M. Mason, Esq *Winchester*; Ed. E. Cooke, Andrew Hunter, Wm. Lucas, and Wm. B. Thompson, Esqs *Charlestown*.

Aug 27, 1846—3m

Lawrence B. Washington,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the public.

He may be found in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va

Nov 27, 1845.

A CARD.

WILLIAM LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON,

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Fiederick, and Clarke.

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas & Bedinger.

Charlestown, Aug. 14, 1845—tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life, for the last few years, have compelled him in a measure to neglect. To all, then, who would entrust their business to his charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.

Aug. 28, 1845 —tf.

Fire, Fire! Fire!!

PERSONS desiring Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, on Houses, Barns, Mills, Merchandize, Furniture, &c., can have it effected in the FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia, on the lowest terms, by application to

JAMES J MILLER.

Sept 10, 1846—3t

Frederick Female Seminary.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE RESUMED ON TUESDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER NEXT.

The splendid Seminary building was erected expressly for a Female Collegiate Institution, at an expense of more than $16,000, and so far as we regard beauty and elegance of structure, the perfect adaptation of all its parts to the purpose for which they were designed, the elegance of its furniture, the comforts and conveniences of the boarding department, we confidently believe it is not surpassed by any similar Institution in the Southern States. Parents and Guardians are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves.

This Institution comprises three separate and distinct departments—the JUVENILE, where the elementary principles of an education are commenced—the PREPARATORY, where the pupils are thoroughly grounded in the substantial branches of education, namely—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic—the COLLEGIATE, where all the higher branches of a finished Female education, both useful and ornamental, are pursued to as great an extent as they are in our best Northern Schools. Embracing in its range a full and complete course of instruction, from the Alphabet to the completion of the Collegiate course. The whole is under the immediate control of the President, Mr. H. WINCHESTER, and nine Professors and Teachers, subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees.

Pains and expense in procuring Professors and Tutors have been matters of secondary consideration. The grand object was to secure for the Seminary the best talent of the country, and in this, we think, we have been eminently successful.

Although the Seminary has been in operation, as a corporate Institution, only one year, the catalogue numbers between *eighty* and *ninety* Scholars, and at the recent examination their manifestation of proficiency, sound scholarship, and graceful and lady-like deportment, drew forth the highest commendation from the able and efficient committees appointed to examine them.

The Professorships of Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Painting and Drawing, are ably filled.

Ample arrangements have been made in the Seminary for the accommodation of Boarding Scholars.

The dormitories consist of separate rooms, twelve feet by eighteen, handsomely fitted up, with entirely new Carpets, Beds, Bedding, &c

The price of Board and Tuition in all the branches required for a Diploma, including furnished rooms, fuel, lights, washing, &c., $200 per scholastic year, *payable half yearly in advance.*

For further particulars in relation to the Institution, reference may be had to Mr. WINCHESTER, the President or either of the Trustees.

By order of the Board.

VAL. S. BRUNNER, *Secretary.*

GIDEON BANTZ, DAVID BOYD, C. STEINER, } *Trustees.*

Frederick, Md., Aug 20, 1846—$5.

Turner & Mudge,

WHOLESALE Dealers in Paper of all descriptions.

Rags, Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c.

No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

April 30, 1846.—y

Odds and Ends.

A LARGE lot of Calico, Jeans, Stripes, &c. now on counter, to be sold for what they [illegible] to make room for an early fall supply. [illegible] J. C. SIGAFOOSE.

MISS BROOKE,

HAVING returned from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies that she will open

Fashionable Millinery

On Saturday the 11th instant, opposite Lloyd Logan's, Loudoun Street.

She has opened an assortment of Ladies and Children's *STRAW HATS*—well selected—which will be disposed of at small profits—Those who want, would do well to make an early call.

Miss B. also informs the Ladies that she has added to her establishment a competent *Dress Maker*, who will attend to all orders in that line.

N. B. All orders from the surrounding counties will be punctually attended to. Straw Bonnets bleached and done up in the best style.

Winchester, April 9, 1846.

THE subscriber is purchasing **WHEAT** for THOMAS J. DAVIS.

An extra price will be given for an extra article of wheat.

Sept 3, 1846. JAMES L. HANSON.

NOTICE to FARMERS.

HAVING recently become the proprietors of "THE POTOMAC MILL," we respectfully announce to the farming community, that it is now being put in complete repair, and is ready for the reception of Wheat.

We have engaged the services of the same experienced and obliging Millers, who, for many years past, have given such satisfaction to the customers of the mill; and we confidently indulge the hope, that we will be permitted to retain, as we are resolved to merit, a continuance of the patronage which has, heretofore, been so liberally extended to this well known establishment.

As we feel no disposition to incur the responsibilities and risks, which result from all speculations in breadstuffs, we have determined to buy no wheat whatever, but to confine ourselves, simply and solely, to the Grinding of Grain for others; at the usual rates of toll; guarantying, of course, to stand the inspection of the Baltimore and Georgetown markets.

The commanding capabilities of the Potomac Mill for manufacturing flour upon the most extensive scale, and in the best manner—its convenience to the Canal, and facilities for loading and unloading boats, &c., are well known to the farmers generally, and we reiterate the assurance, that it shall not be our fault, if these peculiar advantages do not continue to be duly appreciated by them.

A. R. BOTELER, BRO. & CO.

Aug 13, 1846—6—*Spirit copy* 6t.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have this day entered into Co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the FLOUR AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION BUSINESS, at No. 22, Commerce Street, one door from Pratt Street, Baltimore. They will attend to the sale of any kind of Produce and Stock, and hope to merit a share of the public patronage, by strict attention to the interests of those who consign to them.

JAMES WARDEN
LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH.

REFERENCES.

Hopkins, Bro., & Co., James George, Gwynn & Co., } Baltimore,
Thos. H. & W. B. Willis, Jno. R. Flagg, A. C. Timberlake, } Charlestown.
Geo. H. Beckwith & Co., Lewis Fry & Co., } Middleway, Va.
Berkeley County.

Baltimore, Aug 6, 1846.—3m.

☞ We are prepared to make the usual advances on all produce *forwarded.*

WARDEN & BECKWITH.

ROSS & GARROTT,

Flour & General Commission MERCHANTS,

Hollingsworth Street, Baltimore,

WILL attend promptly to the sales of Flour, Grain, Tobacco, Whiskey, and Country Produce generally. The attention of one of the partners will be directed to the sale of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lots convenient to the depot and scales have been provided to receive them. Refer to

T. H. & W. B. Willis, Cato Moore, *Cashier*, H. M. Brent, *Cashier*, } *Jefferson Co.*
H. Sherrard, Baker & Brown, W. Miller & Co. } *Winchester.*
Jno. Loutban, *Clarke County.*

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—3m.

Winchester Republican, Martinsburg Gazette, and *Romney Intelligencer*, insert to amount of $3 and send bills to this office.

NOAH GASTAWAY,

Comm'n Merchant, AND **Dealer in Produce,**

NO. 24, COMMERCE STREET, *Baltimore.*

☞ Makes advances on cash on consignments, and purchases Flour and other produce from the cars.

Refer to—

Messrs Kirkland, Chase, & Co., " Birckhead & Pearce, Charles A Gambrill, Esq., George W. Riggs, " R. C. Wysham, " } Baltimore.
Joseph Shriver, Cash., of Cumberland Bank
Gustavus Beall, Esq. Cumberland
F. Beckham, Esq. } Harpers-Ferry.
Robert Russell, "

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—3m$5*

S. K. BURKHOLDER. M. B. CLINE

S. K. BURKHOLDER & CO.,

Flour & Gen'l Commission MERCHANTS,

Hollingsworth Street, BALTIMORE.

WILL give prompt attention to the sale of Flour, Grain and Country Produce generally. Their attention will likewise be given, under the style of

M. B. Cline & Co.,

to the sale of Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, at the cattle scales. Reference—

J Hopkins, Bro. & Co., Tiffany, Long & Byers, } *Baltimore.*
H. M. Brent, Esq. *Winchester.*

Baltimore, Sept 3, 1846—3m.

Martinsburg Gazette copy to insert $3, and forward acct to this office.

WALTER & CO.,

No 28, South Howard Street, BALTIMORE,

FLOUR Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Country Produce generally. Liberal advances made on consignments. Refer to

H. M. Brent, Esq. Cashier, J. H. Sherrard, Esq. " } *Winchester, Va.*
J. P. Reily, Esq. Sam'l Jones, Jr. Esq. } *Baltimore.*
Pres't B. & O. R. R.

Messrs. W. & S. Wyman, J. Lindstreet & Son, } *Baltimore.*

Baltimore, June 25, 1846—3m—*Spirit Cop.*

MACHINE ROPE—For sale by J. C. Sigafoose.

Aug 20.

JAMES L. RANDOLPH. RANDOLPH B. LATIMER.

RANDOLPH & LATIMER,

Produce & General Commission MERCHANTS,

NO. 8, PATTERSON STREET, (a few doors South of Pratt Street,) Baltimore.

REFER TO—

Richard Duffield, *Duffield's Depot*
F. Dunnington, *Walper's Cross Roads.*
Samuel Cameron, *Cameron's Depot.*

Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1846—6m.

HAVANA SEGARS,

TOBACCO &c.

MERCHANTS and Dealers generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine the finest stock of

Segars and Tobacco in this Market,

AT No. 14, N. HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE.

Nearly opposite the Wheatfield Hotel. The following brands comprise a part of the stock of Segars, viz:

Regalias,	Preusados,
Canones,	El Aguila,
Trabucos,	La Estrella,
La Norma,	Minerva,
Dos Famas,	La Lealtad,
Las Tres Coronas,	Bayonetas,
La Celebrada,	Panetelas,
Dos Amigos,	Principe, &c.

American Manufactured Segars of every description.

Manufactured Tobacco from the best factories in Virginia. Fine cut Chewing Tobacco, Snuffs, &c. &c.

He begs leave to refer to Cato Moore, Esq., Charlestown; and Andrew E. Kennedy, Esq., Baltimore.

ELIAS T. GRIFFIN,
No. 14, North Howard Street.

Baltimore, Sept 17, 1846—$56m.

REACH & GATES,

No. 215 BALTIMORE STREET, South Side, below Charles, BALTIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS IN Gimps, Fringes, Tassels, Cords, Bindings, *Odd Fellows', Sons of Temperance, and Red Men's Regalia,*

Banners, Flags, Cap Trimmings, Gold and silver gimp, fringe, stars and laces, tassels and cords, edgings and braids, bullions, spangles, military trimmings, &c.

Also—Dealers in bunting for flags, sewing silk and twist, purse twist, silk braids and cords, saddler's, tram, floss, and organzine silk; silk oil cloth, silk velvet ribbon, bone buttons, gilt do., lasting and velvet do., pearl and lace do., bone and wood molds, hooks and eyes, needles and pins, knitting needles, bone and metal eyelets, patent thread, Turkey red cotton, infant's socks, jet bugles, jet breastpins, jet hair pins, jet necklaces, purse rings and tassels, silver and gilt beads, watch guards, boy's belts, kid gloves, silk shirts and drawers, merino do do., cotton do. do, domestic woollen do, woollen comforts, English Galloons, &c. &c.

July 23, 1846.—6m.

JOHN V. EMICH,

Stove, Tin and Sheet Iron

Manufacturer,

NO. 25, Light Street, Baltimore, has always an extensive and complete assortment of Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, which he offers at wholesale or retail, on liberal terms.

His assortment consists in part of COOKING STOVES, of the most approved kinds.

COAL STOVES of Sheet and Cast Iron,

Radiating Stoves,	Parlor Stoves,
Franklin do	Box do
Nineplate do	Hollow Ware Castings
Tenplate do	Tin Ware, &c &c

☞ Orders for Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all descriptions promptly attended to.

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine the quality of the goods and prices before purchasing.

Aug 13, 1846—3m.

Wholesale and Retail HAT ESTABLISHMENT.

190 *Baltimore st, Baltimore.*

WRIGHT & HOWARD,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Jefferson county to their establishment for the manufacture and sale of **HATS**, in which may be found a large and general assortment of all articles in their line. Their establishment combining within itself every facility for complete workmanship with all the latest improvements in machinery—employing only the most scientific and experienced workmen and using the best materials alone, they are enabled with the aid of long practical experience to produce an article of GOODS unsurpassed by any thing in this or any other market.

To the Retail customer they are prepared to furnish a description of goods warranted to give the most eminent satisfaction, in fashion, durability and intrinsic worth.

The wholesale dealer will find inducement to purchase in the fullest and best selected assortments to be met with in the trade.

The fashion for the successive seasons regularly introduced and allowed to surpass all others in point of beauty and merit.

Gentlemen's, youth's, and children's caps, of new and beautiful patterns always kept on hand, which they offer for sale, with all other articles in their line, at the lowest possible prices. Their terms of Sale will be found liberal and accommodating, and every effort used to entitle them to the patronage of a liberal public.

WRIGHT & HOWARD,
Fashionable Hatters,
No 190 Baltimore street.

Baltimore, October 2, 1845—1y

Cheap Paper Hangings

And Upholstery Goods.

G. S. GRIFFITH, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand and is constantly receiving from the Factory, a splendid collection of new and beautiful styles of

PAPER-HANGINGS:

Such as Fresco, Madalian Landscapes, Columns, Stripes, &c.

Also, every description of *Unglazed Papers*, for rooms, entries, &c.

Upholstery Goods:

Such as Worsted Damask, of all colors; Cushions and Curtains made to order; Feather Beds made of the best feathers and ticking; Curled Hair, Husk and Moss Mattresses; together with every article that pertains to the Upholstery business. Venitian Blinds, of all colors, always on hand and made to order.

Cotton Wadding—Black and White Wadding, of all sizes, wholesale and retail, at manufacturer's prices.

Persons desiring any of the above articles will please call before purchasing elsewhere, as they will be sold very low at

G. S. GRIFFITH'S, No 138 Balt st between Calvert and South.

Baltimore, September 3, 1846—1y

[illegible] SUGAR.

[illegible] sugar, crushed ditto, [illegible] of cheap Groceries, as low as the lowest for cash.

July 30. J. J. MILLER.

POETRY.

THE WELCOME.

Come in the evening, or come in the morning.
Come when you're looked for, or come without warning,
Kisses and welcome you'll find here before you,
And the oft'ner you come here the more I'll adore you.

Light is my heart since the day we were plighted,
Red is my cheek that they told me was blighted;
The green of the trees looks far greener than ever,
And the linnets are singing, "True lovers don't sever!"

I'll pull you sweet flowers, to wear if you choose them,
Or, after you're kissed them, they'll lie on my bosom.
I'll fetch from the mountain its breeze to inspire you;
I'll fetch from my fancy a tale that won't tire you.

O! your step's like the rain to the Summer-vexed farmer,
Or a sabre and shield to a Knight without armor.
I'll sing you sweet songs till the stars rise above me,
Then, wandering, I'll wish you, in silence, to love me.

We'll look through the trees at the cliff and the eyerie,
We'll tread round the earth on the track of the fairy.
We'll look on the stars, and we'll list to the river,
Till you ask of your darling what gift you can give her.

O! she'll whisper you, "Love as unchangeably beaming,
And trust, when in secret, most tunefully streaming,
Till the starlight of Heaven above us shall quiver,
And our souls flow in one down Eternity's river.

So, come in the evening, or come in the morning,
Come when you're looked for, or come without warning,
Kisses and welcome you'll find here before you,
And the oft'ner you come here the more I'll adore you.

Light is my heart since the day we were plighted,
Red is my cheek that they told me was blighted;
The green of the trees, looks far greener than ever,
And the linnets are singing, "True lovers don't sever!"

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the New York Mirror.

WOMAN'S WIT.

[CONCLUDED]

'In short, unite me with the man of my heart,' added Miss Graham, with mocking pathos, 'and be a fool for my pains. Mr. John Williston, fed on bread and water for a week, and having for a body guard for the next six months, whenever I choose to take the air, himself, Jane, Ben, and little Cato bringing up the rear. No! I understand my father better than that; he requires delicate management, dainty dove, I'm sure. What shall I do? I have no idea how I am obliged to abound in plots and counter plots. I can never obtain an object in a natural, open manner, so employ harmless cuoning, and innocent artifice on the most trifling occasions. I do not take my tea without a stratagem. You look incredulous, but half of this is true, I can assure you.—The truth is, there is a vein of contrariness running through my dear papa, which will not brook anything in the shape of dictation or opposition, therefore I

'Charm by accepting, by submitting—sway,
And have my humor most when I obey.'

Trust to me, Mr. John Williston, I'll rack my very brain for a plot, and in due time will there be one forthcoming.'

'You will meet here to-morrow, will you not?' asked her companion as he rose to depart.

'But you and cousin Emily think these clandestine interviews so abominable,' returned she archly, 'and I do too, she continued in a graver tone, 'I feel indignant and ashamed every time I steal out to meet you, and absolutely dread even the servant's eyes. But what can I do? My father will not permit a wooing of a proper and maidenly sort. The truth is, he cannot bear to have us married; every one of my sisters had storms, tempests, violent opposition, and their lovers were obliged to do a weary penance before they could obtain them. I never had an admirer in my life that my father did not treat with coolness almost amounting to incivility, even I shared in the indignation, so treated them coolly myself, by way of a final discouragement, to restore harmony. But I did not dare to behave so to you, John. Your Southern blood would have been up and off before I had time to waive even my hand, as all heroines do, for your return. And I had a slight regard, you know, which forbade that—but good bye.'

'You'll be here to-morrow?' exclaimed her companion, detaining her.

'Yes, if it is possible, but now I must indeed go.'

'Papa, can Ben drive me over to cousin Emily's this morning?' said Miss Graham, two or three days after this interview. 'She has been urging me to spend a day with her for an age, and if you are well enough, I should like to go to-day.'

'Ah, well! I don't know but you may,' replied Mr. Graham, attempting to rise on his gouty limb. 'I don't know but you may: but hark'ee, Julia, she is a friend of Mr. Williston's is she not,' he said bestowing a searching glance on his daughter.

'What! my quiet, proper, decorous cousin Emily, a friend of that wild, harum-scarum, good-for-nothing John Williston! why my dear papa how can you say so?' she returned lifting up her hands and eyes in wonderful astonishment.

'Then he is a good-for-nothing darling?' answered the father, placing his arms affectionately around her.

'Certainly, sir, did you ever imagine I thought him anything else. I only liked to flirt.'

'Well, flirt as much as you please, my child, but never be married, Julia, my dear; these men are a set of sad rascals, and you might a great deal better stay with your poor old father.'

'Ah! [illegible] powers of deception; [illegible] and she came very [illegible] vowing herself to spinter's-hood forever, had not the tantalizing vision of her lover's frank, pleasant face, clouded by disappointment, risen before her, and as her father leaned out of the window to give the necessary orders for her departure, she checked the rising emotion and vanished to prepare herself.

If Miss Julia Graham drove over alone to her cousin Emily's with Ben; which by the way, is by no means asserted that she did—she certainly did not return alone with him. No! old Mr. Graham, to his inexpressible vexation and alarm, beheld her most gallantly assisted in her descent from the carriage by a tall, slender youth, with a profusion of curly black hair appearing from beneath the graceful little travelling cap which adorned his head.

'Mr. Stansbury, my dear father,' she said, presenting him, 'the son of the old college friend of whom you talk so much. I met him at Emily's, and he was coming to see us to-morrow, I graciously volunteered to bring him over to night, and like many other kind and benignant acts, it brought with it its own reward'—she added laughing, 'for he has entertained me most charmingly, by the way.'

Poor old Mr. Graham—never was man so tormented by the possession of a pretty daughter. He would rather she had looked like a gorgon, or had a head like one of the furies, than the graceful little thing that sat with such a queen-like air on her neck, with wild beautiful eyes gleaming from it. Yes, for then he could have possessed her in peace and quietness, and sat down under the shade of their own vine and fig-tree, with no wild blades to distract her attention, and yield him such annoy. Poor old Mr. Graham, he had just shut the gate upon one wooer, and now another knocks at the door. And never had one been so tantalizing. Why John Williston was a perfect angel to him, for he would look proud, hurt, indignant, and become silent when Mr. Graham said a rude thing, or looked a severe one, and at last very obligingly took himself off altogether when the rudeness and severity met and sung a diapason together. But this fellow was impenetrable, shielded, protected, triply armed and defended, against frowns, words, glances, whatsoever. One would have imagined that old Mr. Graham glowed in smiles, breathed amiability, and discoursed most hospitable eloquence, from the ease, abandonment, and severe composure, with which Mr. Stansbury prolonged his visit. One would have supposed each hint an earnest entreaty, each growling incivility, a direct command to remain. What shrieks and yielded him with her eyes most sweet welcomes. As he could not succeed in banishing the intruder from his house, Mr. Graham endeavored to do so from his memory—shut out, totally expel the disagreeable theme. But in this was he equally unsuccessful. If he glanced from his window, he would behold the white dress, and graceful figure of his daughter vanishing in the distance, flanked by the tall, manly form of the intruder. He would hear their voices in gay concert from the piazza, and blending continually with his daughter's warbling was a deep, powerful bass. She would pour out his coffee, gay and blooming from a morning's scamper over the hills on her good steed Robin, with young Mr. Stansbury for an accompaniment, and be summoned to tea from an animated flirtation with him under the old elm tree. Mr. Graham sighed, grieved, and fretted, and at last attempted a master stroke. He folded, directed, and sealed a letter without either his daughter's or Mr. Fletcher's assistance, and with his own hands committed it to the post office.

Two days after, who should drive up and be received with the heartiest welcome, but that good-for-nothing scapegrace, John Williston. Yes, old Mr. Graham met him on the steps, seized his hand, pressed it, and exclaimed again, and again, how delighted he was to see him. And Mr. Graham's pretty daughter? Why she drew back like a tragedy-queen in surprise and displeasure, vouchsafed the mere tips of her rosy fingers, and turning coolly away, continued the conversation with her new admirer. Her father, however, was by no means in despair; he expected some demonstration, and now he had an ally, a coadjutor; some one to regret, sympathize, condole with him. This was all apparently, that Mr. Williston's presence appeared to effect, for Miss Julia bestowed no more attention on her quondam lover, than if he had been an automaton moving around the house. She neither glanced, talked, nor smiled at him; therefore Mr. Graham had to do all the talking himself, which was no easy matter for an old gentleman who had never treated a young one politely, since his daughter had arrived at marriageable estate.

'Well, Williston, what success?' exclaimed Mr. Graham with unusual animation, as that gentleman returned from an afternoon's ramble. 'I thought I saw you walking alone with her, while the scamp Stansbury wandered at a distance.'

'Ah! my dear sir, you were mistaken,' replied Mr. Williston, with a melancholy shake of the head; 'your eyes deceived you; it was Stansbury who was with her, while I wandered at a distance.'

'If he really was not his father's son,' exclaimed old Graham, growing furious and grasping his cane, 'if I had not ate, drank and frolicked with Jack Stansbury for months at a time, I would——" and here Mr. Graham grew red in the face, and looked as if he was going on the verge of suffocation. 'I'll talk to her,' he said at length, recovering himself, 'she will certainly listen to reason. I'll talk to her to-morrow morning.'

'Julia, my dear, Mr. Williston wishes to marry you,' commenced poor honest, blunt Mr. Graham.

'Ah! indeed, papa,' returned his daughter, 'I was perfectly aware of the fact some time ago.'

It does not seem to be a matter of much interest to you,' returned her father.

'Certainly not, sir, why should it be?' returned Miss Julia coolly, opening her eyes with the greatest possible surprise.

'No reason at all why it should be, Miss Julia Graham,' replied her father, with a threatening countenance, except that it pleased you but a little month ago to display the greatest favor and feign the greatest interest in the young man to whom you are now so wonderfully indifferent.'

'Well, sir, it was a month ago,' said his daughter, 'and as you did not seem to fancy the gentleman, I very dutifully turned my attention somewhere else.'

'Then you'll be kind enough to turn it back again,' exclaimed old Mr. Graham in a terrible passion, 'for not one farthing of mine shall you ever have if you marry that contemptible, rascally scoundrel—Jack—William—I don't know what the fellow's name is —— Stansbury.'

'Walter, sir,' returned his daughter in the gentlest of tones, 'and I think it is a thousand times prettier than John. Now, my dear father, she continued, you are certainly unreasonable. You abused villified, almost turned Mr. Williston out of doors when I liked him, and now you embrace, love, and invite him to remain for ever when my humor changes. The only crime in either of these youths seems to be my fancy for them.'

'Then you dare avow it. You proclaim it!' exclaimed Mr. Graham more outrageous than ever. 'You don't love, you will not marry John Williston. You do love and will marry that—that—'

'Nay, I said nothing about love or marriage,' interrupted Miss Graham.

'But you did, but you did,' continued her father. 'Now promise me, Julia, he said, in a coaxing tone, 'my dear child, promise me, that you will marry John Williston, and send that good-for-nothing Stansbury off.'

Miss Graham bent her graceful head and appeared to be hesitating.

'Now, you will, now you'll delight your old father,' said Mr. Graham following up the victory.

'But you are really not in earnest, papa?' she replied; 'you do not really like John Williston?'

'I am in earnest, I do,' vociferated her father.

'But Walter Stansbury is so fascinating,' she sighed.

'Ah! he is not,' returned her father, eagerly. Now be a good girl.'

'Well, to please you, papa, I consent.'

'That is my own darling, that is my own dear child,' returned the now delighted father, folding her in his arms. 'Mr. Williston,' he exclaimed, as that gentleman entered, 'your arrival is well timed. She has consented, she has listened to reason.'

Certainly there was more of mirth than malice in Mr. Graham's eye as her father placed her hand in that of her quondam suitor.

If Mr. Graham only could have heard the peals of laughter which rang through the woods that afternoon. If he only could have beheld the delightful harmony which existed between that 'scapegrace Stansbury,' John Williston and his daughter. If he could but have heard the first gentleman exclaim, 'was it not famously done, elegantly managed?—Now, Williston, you certainly owe me thanks immeasureable for my dainty share in the little drama.'

No! old Mr. Graham did not, hear this, did not dream of it, and to this day believes his daughter a perfect martyr to filial affection.

NEWS ITEMS.

A LIBERAL MAN.—Gerrit Smith, Esq., is doing good to the colored race in the proper way. A writer from Utica, in the Herald says: "I have just seen a copy of a deed of some forty acres of land in Hamilton county, New York, given by the celebrated landholder, Gerrit Smith Esq., to a colored man residing in that county. He has made out two thousand deeds of a similar character to one I saw, conveying lands from forty to fifty acres to each, as gifts to industrious colored men in this State, and designs, I am informed, to make out one thousand more." This is genuine philanthropy!

RANDOLPH'S "JOHN."—We are told by the Lynchburg Virginian, that John, the well known and faithful servant of the late John Randolph, who, with the emancipated slaves of his master, went to Ohio, and were there treated by the citizens in a manner of which our readers have been apprized, has returned to Charlotte with the intention of petitioning the Legislature to allow him to remain in the Commonwealth. He says, they have no feeling for colored people in Ohio, and, if the Legislature refuse to grant his petition, he will submit to the penalty of remaining and be sold as a slave—preferring this to enjoying freedom in a free state.

The English papers give particulars of the splendid race meeting at Goodwood, the princely domain of the Duke of Richmond. During four days there were *thirty-eight* races run at Goodwood—two hundred and fifty horses started. The nett value of the stakes amounted to £23,000 sterling, (about $110,000,) and thousands upon thousands of most respectable people witnessed the sport—thus, altogether, stamping the Goodwood races as quite a national commemoration.

Sewing.—There is a maiden lady (a tailoress,) living not far from Fredonia, Pa., who has made, during the past year 75 coats, 59 pairs of pants, 53 vests, 3 gentlemen's cloaks, together with her own sewing, which was not inconsiderable.

A HATCHING MACHINE.

The Albany Argus describes a chicken hatching machine, the invention of Mr. L. G. Hoffman of that city. The editor says—

The machine, which we examined, is of the dimensions of an ordinary sized trunk, and is capable of hatching between 500 and 600. It is made of tin, and surrounded by water warmed to a suitable degree of temperature, by two heaters, one on either side, one heater adapted for charcoal for day use, and the other for night, by a solar lamp, burning less than a pint of damaged lard. Connected with the oven proper, is a brooding chamber, so constructed that the same heat which imparts the necessary temperature to the oven above is reflected in the chamber below, throwing a gentle warmth, on the "mother," (a dressed sheep skin with the wool on fitted to a frame, and capable of being fitted to a frame and of being raised or depressed to the size of the chicken) which is intended to take the place of the natural parent.

Mr. Hoffman has some very fine specimens of both chickens and turkeys, the fruits of his machine, healthy and active, which he says he will compare with any fowls of the same age in the country.—He estimates the cost of a machine, capable of hatching 1000 eggs, between forty and fifty dollars, and the expense of producing the 1000 between $1 $1 50 for the cost of the heat. Mr. H. has applied for a patent.

UNLUCKY SLIP.—The schooner Portia, of Baltimore, from Turk's Island for New York, put into Norfolk a few days ago on account of head winds. While in Hampton Roads, Capt. Kirwan boarded the steamboat from Norfolk for Baltimore, for the purpose of sending to the owners of the vessel, two bags of specie. In the act of transferring them to the steamboat, one of the bags, supposed to contain $2,100, slipped overboard and sunk in four fathoms water. The place in which the money was lost is a narrow channel, and it is hoped that the persons sent to recover it may be successful.

Releif to those struck by Lightning.—An aged lady-correspondent has kindly favored us with the subjoined important mode of affording relief to those persons who may be struck by lightning. It is as follows; 'When any one is struck by lightning, the first thing applied should be cold vinegar—bathing the person well throughout. Should the patient [illegible] dose of [illegible] ing. Should that not give ease, let a dose of calomel be given, and the salts repeated:—Even though the person appear dead, bathing and bleeding should be resorted to, and if they afford no relief no human efforts will. This I know of my own knowledge and experience in my immediate family—and, in all human probability, I should have lost a valuable servant had these remedies not been tested.'—*Rich Rep.*

The Boston Traveller of Tuesday says: The Artesian Well at East Boston, which has been in progress for some time past, has now been sunk 270 feet. The workmen are now progressing at the rate of twelve or fifteen feet in twenty-four hours. The drill is worked by steam power, and is to be kept in motion from this date, night and day, until the required depth is reached, or an ample supply of water is obtained. The contractors are sanguine that they can bore as great a depth in 200 days, by means of their apparatus, as it required nine years to attain at Grenelle, France, by hand power. The design of this undertaking is to provide an abundant supply of good water for the inhabitants at East Boston.

DISTRESS FOR WANT OF WATER.—The poor in Boston, Albany and other cities, are suffering for want of water. Previous to a shower on Tuesday, no rain had fallen at Boston for nine days, and the wells throughout the city were generally low, if not entirely exhausted.

Some Difference.—The first regular mail in this country commenced its journey from New York on New Year's morning, 1673, by a sworn messenger, and "sealed bag," once a month, to and from 'Boston, Hartford, Connecticut, and places along the road.' Now, intelligence is transmitted in less than a second.

White Rats.—The editor of the Columbus Enquirer chronicles the receipt of three *white rats*, (not mice) He says: "They were caught in Harris county, where we understand a number of others of the same kind have been taken.—There is said to be another one almost as *red* as scarlet."

'Willy,' said a doating parent at the breakfast table to an abridged edition of himself, who had just entered the grammar-class at the High School, 'Willy, my dear, will you pass the butter?'

'Thertainly thir—it takthes me to parthe anything. But ther ith common subthantive, neuter gender, agreeth with hot buckwheat cakths, and ith governed by thugar houth molatheths understhood.'

The last case of modesty, is that of a young lady who discarded her lover, a sea captain, because in speaking of one of his voyages he said he *hugged* the shore.

The most ignorant have knowledge enough to detect the faults of others: the most clear sighted are blind to their own.

A great talker never wants enemies: the man of sense speaks little and hears much.

Mr. John Christopher Gentlefinger was married to Miss Kunigunty Dinkle, lately in Jefferson City, Missouri.

Harpers Ferry National Historical Park Microfilm Collection

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN:
THURSDAY MORNING,
September 24, 1846.

PROFESSOR McGUFFEY'S LECTURE.

The Lecture of this gentleman, at the Court House, on Monday night, on the subject of Education, was one of those rare treats which are not often afforded to "country folk," and one which none but a master mind could present.—We have rarely seen an auditory better pleased, or more eager for a continuation of the "feast of reason," and the regret is general that Dr. McGuffey cannot give us another lecture, at which a more general attendance of the people of the county could be secured.

It is impossible to present even an outline of the many striking analogies and illustrations presented by the speaker. They combined so much philosophy and plain common sense as to be irresistible in their influence even upon the most obtuse intellect. An extract from the Winchester Republican will give the reader an idea of a few of the points discussed:

"The learned and eloquent Professor defined Education to be the acquisition of knowledge, and the training and discipline of the mental and moral faculties. He condemned all "short and easy" methods of education; because they were not only insufficient, but injurious in the attainment of the latter and most important object of education.

Passing by the first, he took up the latter object of education—the improvement of the faculties. The *memory* was the first faculty to be cultivated. He demonstrated by clear reasoning, and plain but striking illustrations, that the youngest children possessed the germ, not only of simple memory, but of natural association of ideas, in the highest degree poetical. He condemned all artificial methods of improving the memory; because this natural faculty offered the best means. The *reasoning* faculties were next considered, and the proper methods for their improvement clearly explained. Our attention was next directed to the faculty of imagination; and after adverting to the common prejudice against the cultivation of this, he proceeded to explain its nature and uses, with a power and originality of thought, and a strain of beautiful illustration, well worthy of the theme. No one could have listened to this discourse without having his estimate of the importance of early education to the happiness of man, and the well being of society, greatly enhanced."

Dr. McGuffey has gone to Shepherdstown and Martinsburg, to continue his labors, and will take Warrenton on his route home to the University. He is doing much good for the Institution to which he is attached, by removing ill founded prejudices, and rendering immense service to the cause of Education generally. The people of Virginia will soon be largely his debtor, for what to him seems to be but "a labor of love."

THE PRICE OF FLOUR.

A year ago there was a sudden rise of Flour, and our farmers, thinking it was likely to continue, held back their crop and were accordingly disappointed. The old song, which we think we have heard from boyhood, about the failure of crops in Europe, is again sounded—and hopes are excited, which never can be realized.

We deemed it our duty last year, (though we have no great reliance upon our own judgment,) to warn the farmers not to hold on with the ex- [illegible] though it may possibly be met, and our reasons for saying so are these:

It never has happened that a failure has been general throughout Europe, and most of the accounts at this period of the year are always exaggerated. The present very small advance on Flour and Grain is more the result of a temporary want of supply in the regular markets, than any thing else. The farmers in a large portion of the country have not yet prepared their grain for market. Many of them have been somewhat disappointed in the quantity of it, and have been by no means in haste to test its value. There is always a suspension of operations in thrashing and cleaning up until after seeding time, and thus it may well happen that, with no inducement in the price, there was less than the usual supply in the cities. But when it is remembered that the aggregate amount of Wheat in the country is 20 to 30 per cent. greater than last year, it is evident that the price cannot be much enhanced over the present rate, if indeed it be maintained when supplies are thrown in.—It would require a greatly increased demand abroad, to produce much effect on our markets; and long experience has proved that, as a rule, the best time to sell is always *when the farmer is ready.*

We last year warned our friends that there must be a re-action; and we give them our opinion now, for what it is worth, that the same result is much more probable than any other.

As to any effect from a modification of the British Corn-Laws, that will be found to be mere *fudge*. Whatever advantage has been given by the act, will prove to be in favor of Europeans, and not American Wheat-growers.—And the Tariff of '46 has reduced the duty on Foreign Wheat coming into this country, from 27 per cent. to 20. So that we may even have to guard against foreign competition in our own markets.—*Winchester Republican.*

FORD'S FLOUR.

We have received and tried a barrel of Mr. Benjamin Ford's Family Flour. Mr. F. has had much experience as a miller, and has taken Newbrough's mill with a determination not to be excelled in the production of the best Flour which good Wheat and skill can produce. To say that we have never seen it beaten, would be but faint praise. It is calculated to make a housewife look with pride at her table, and clear the frowns from the brow of the surliest husband in Christendom. Nobody can have dyspepsia, who uses bread made of such Flour as this. We are gratified to see our millers working up to the highest notch of perfection in this important art; and all we have to say in conclusion, after thanking Mr. Ford for his kind remembrance, is, that if any miller in Virginia can beat our sample, he has only to send it along, and we promise to give it a fair test. We have lived long enough to be a good judge of Flour and Bread, and our judgment shall be impartially exercised.—[*Win. Rep.*

The Republican speaks from experience and *taste* of Mr. Ford's flour. We can't say that it is the best, not having tried the article, but as soon as Mr. F. sends us *that* barrel of his flour, we hope to be able to join in the commendation of the Republican.

☞Mr. Brinkerhoff, the member from the strongest Loco Foco district in Ohio, has been thrown overboard by his party, in consequence of his wavering course on the Tariff. This has afforded great delight to the Richmond Enquirer, and no great amount of sorrow to any body.

THE WAR WITH MEXICO.

It is evident, from a variety of circumstances, which need not be detailed, that the Administration were perfectly well advised of the movements of Santa Anna, and indeed had an understanding with him, through an agent at Washington, before he left Havana. The passport given, to enable him to escape capture by Com. Conner's fleet, is confirmation of this—and the despatches from the State Department, intimating a willingness to treat for peace, were intended to fall into the hands of this Chieftain's new Minister for Foreign Affairs.

The Cabinet are in daily expectation of hearing of some reply to the proffer of peace; and, notwithstanding the intimations of the Union, that the public are becoming impatient in reference to the movements of our Army, *no battle is expected at Monterey*, unless indeed time has not been afforded Santa Anna to keep back his forces. But this chieftain, in whom there is no reason to place implicit confidence, may not be able to control the public sentiment of his country, and will therefore feel impelled to make one more effort at resistance. To protract the war, by keeping out of the way of our army, is the most effectual way of annoying us, and this game will unquestionably be played, unless Santa Anna's personal interest may lead him to a different course. Upon such influence alone, can we place any reliance.

FROM THE ARMY.

The latest intelligence from the "Army of Invasion," seems to indicate that General Taylor will not meet with any serious impediment to his onward march through the provinces of that country, and that he will ultimately reach the "Halls of the Montezumas" without a pitched battle. The heavy expenditures required for sustaining his army are operating as a blessing on the people of the section of country through which he passes. His approach is looked for with neither fear nor dread, but as furnishing a fine market, with good prices, for the superabundant produce of the country.

THE ARMY OF THE WEST.

Some fears are entertained that Gen. Kearney's expedition to Santa Fe may be straitened for want of provisions during their long march through the prairies.—The whole force will be near 6,000, if they all get safely to their point of destination. When at Fort Bent, the General had but a limited supply of provisions, and his men were upon HALF RATIONS. It is stated that transportation in wagons will cost 15 cents per pound, and a barrel of Flour at Santa Fe will be worth $50. There was an absolute want of forage for the horses. The prospect for supplies will be gloomy, even at Santa Fe. We fear this whole expedition will be found [illegible]

FROM VERA CRUZ.

The tidings from Vera Cruz are not so favorable to a speedy close of the war as was anticipated. The rumored pronunciamento from the Army in favor of Paredes, and the lukewarmness of the people towards Santa Anna, evince the same unsettled condition of affairs that has heretofore prevailed in that unfortunate country. A vigorous prosecution of the war is evidently the only alternative now left. Being in for it, the more vigor the better.

ITEMS FROM THE ARMY.

Gen. Wool's command, destined for the province of Chihuahua, is expected to take possession of the capital some time in October. The distance from the Rio Grande is about 600 miles. The General's force is about 5000 men.

Gen. Worth is supposed to be at Monterey ere this time, with the advance guard. Gen. Taylor will station proper forces at different points, to protect them and to keep up a communication with his supplies.

THE ARMY.

A letter from an officer of the Engineer Staff with Gen. Taylor's Army, written at Camargo, on the 24th of August, to the head of one of the bureaux of the War Department, says—

"From news received this morning the force at Monterey consists of about 6,000 men, of which about two are regulars, being the remains of the army defeated on the 8th and 9th of May. They have likewise a force in advance of Monterey of about 700 cavalry, (at Cadarita distance 25 miles from Monterey.) The informant reports them as not well prepared for action, and states that the horses are in miserable condition.

"They have at Monterey two pieces of artillery, 24 pounders' and four of small calibre; he states they are fortifying, but that their works are not in a state of completion."

The same letter says—

"Under existing circumstances, it is believed that General Taylor will make the utmost exertion to reach Monterey, as it is believed that no resistance will be made of any moment to the entrance of his army. The person who brings intelligence asserts that the people of Monterey and the country adjacent are anxious for the arrival of the Americans."

Another letter from a field officer of Gen. Taylor's command, dated Camargo, August 24, says—

"Gen. Mejia has about 2,000 regular troops, and over 3,000 irregulars, now in Monterey. In addition to these, there are 750 cavalry, in advance, at a place called Cadarita."

There are about twenty four theatres within the barriers of Paris permanently open, most of them every night, including Sunday.

The First Frost.—The Salem (Mass) Gazette of Friday states that on Wednesday night there was a slight frost. The leaves of the grape vine were destroyed in some of our Salem gardens.

THE SUB-TREASURY.

This measure has not been put into actual operation, as yet, and the Collector at New York holds the money in his own possession, awaiting the arrival of the Sub Treasurer (Gov. Bouck.) The New York correspondent of the National Intelligencer says there is a "pretty see-saw business" in the reception and cancelling of Treasury Notes, by which, after great labor and expense, ten days are required to cancel an old note and manufacture a new one. He says:

"I care not how much mystery they may attach to this apparently simple operation. It is not a simple operation. It will be found not only very troublesome to both the merchants and Government officers, but to the Treasury Department very expensive; and allow me thus early to remark that there will be a great hazard of frauds.

But here comes a new difficulty. At present the Collector receives in payment of duties checks certified by the banks on which they are drawn *to be good.* How long good? So long as due diligence is observed in their collection of the checks. And what, in such a case, constitutes *due diligence?* In reply, twenty-four hours. I am not going to argue the question. Admit that it is doubtful: that is a sufficient reason why the Collector should refuse to hold them. Then comes bank paper. The amount of city circulation is insufficient, without the aid of bank credits, to transact the Government business.—This brings us to the necessity of using specie in these transactions. And here I boldly repeat, what I have often said on this subject, the sub-treasury bill, honestly and practically, *cannot be carried into operation.*"

VERY LIKE SATIRE.

Lord Palmerston, in his speech on Mexican affairs, in which he refers to the mediation authorized by his government, does not agree with Lord Bentick as to the ease with which a country like Mexico could be incorporated with the United States. Speaking of the means of carrying on the war, he referred to a point which he thought illustrative of general principles—"that the United States having found themselves engaged in a war with Mexico, which involved the necessity of great additional expenditure, military and naval, and finding that their revenue was insufficient to meet that increased demand, *bethought* themselves how that revenue might be increased.—What was the step which the government took for that purpose? That step was to lower the duties on imports.—They said those high protecting duties might be all very well in time of peace, when the revenue is of less object to us, but we must abandon them now that the commencement of war required a great augmentation of our resources. That circumstance is a strong illustration of the truth of those doctrines which go to show that freedom of commercial intercourse not only conduces to the development of the commercial industry of a country, but is the surest foundation of an augmenting and prosperous revenue."

The noble lord either did not recollect "foregone conclusion" of the dominant party, before the war was determined on, or, if he did, he must have smiled at the notion of an augmentation of income by a reduction of means.

Flag of Virginia.

The Philadelphia North American describes two Flags bearing the Coat of Arms of Virginia, which have recently been manufactured in that city. These flags are intended for the Capitol at Richmond, to be used during the sessions of the Legislature—after the fashion of the two Houses of Congress, over the respective chambers of which flags are hoisted whilst they are in session, and lowered when they adjourn.

"THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS."

The Fincastle Democrat gives an account of a romantic marriage on the Natural Bridge. This coming together of the sexes is certainly a very *natural* sort of business, and the place therefore very appropriate. The Richmond Enquirer not inaptly terms the place the "Bridge of Sighs." The Fincastle editor, who seems to have been moved on the occasion, with poetical and tender thoughts, concludes his notice by the following fervent ejaculation:—May their love be as enduring as that mighty and majestic work of nature, where, in the presance of God and witnesses, they pledged anew their vows of eternal constancy! And may they whose

"Hearts were thus linked in a heavenly tie,
Live on through all ills, and love on till they die!"

MARRIED,

On the 2d inst., *on the Natural Bridge*, by the Rev. Wm. T. Richardson, Mr. John G. Tredway to Miss Frances L. Williams, all of Salem.

We clip the above announcement from the Lynchburg Virginian. We have heard of a marriage by the electric telegraph—the magic "yes" being transmitted by the lightning's flash. We have read of a curious scene in Georgia, where the minister, standing on one side of a river, raised his stentorian voice and pronounced a couple on the other side to be man and wife. But the present case furnishes the purest instance of romance that we know of. What an exquisite idea for a loving pair to select so grand and stupendous a work of Nature, to unite their hands and hearts! Solemn as the ceremony usually is, on this occasion it must have been fully sublime. Talk of the "Bridge of Sighs," which connect the dark, damp dungeons of Venice with the Doge's Palace! Our Natural Bridge may hereafter be more justly styled the "Bridge of Sighs"—the breathings forth, not of horror and despair, but of happiness and love. Who would object to the ceremony on such a spot, were it *merely* to enjoy the romance of the scene?—*Rich. Enquirer.*

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Locofocos of Massachusetts held a State Convention in Boston, on Wednesday, and nominated Isaac Davis, Esq., of Worcester, as a candidate for Governor, and George Hood, Esq., of Lynn, as a candidate for Lieut. Governor.

☞The Hon. Samuel Bigger, late Whig Governor of Indiana, died at Fort Wayne recently, of congestive fever.

A CALL FOR REV. MR. TUSTIN.

The Rev. Septimus Tustin, of Washington City, has recently received a call from the Presbyterian Church at Hagerstown. Both branches of the church have united, and they have unanimously invited Mr. T. to become their future Pastor. Mr. Tustin has but recently had a beautiful edifice erected in Washington city by his friends, and if he determines to accept the call from Hagerstown, it will mainly be to recruit his health, which has been extremely delicate, owing to the laborious services incident to a connection with a charge in the city, and services in the Senate, where he has officiated as Chaplain, for some years past. Mr. T. has returned to Washington, and if after consultation with his friends, they deem a change of location necessary for his health, he will at once accept the pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church in Hagerstown.

SCHOOL LAW.

The School Commissioners of Jefferson have finished their work of dividing the County into districts. They have decided upon having twenty-four districts.—The following resolutions were adopted by the Board, on motion of Mr. J. C. R. Taylor:

Resolved, That the Special School Act of the last Legislature is most imperfect in many of its provisions, and that its taxation feature is especially objectionable from its want of certainty, and the inequality with which it would act, if put into operation as the law now stands.

Resolved, That we fix on Saturday the 20th day of March next, as the day for the election of Commissioners under the new act, so that the Legislature may have an opportunity of revising and amending the act before it goes into effect.

Resolved, That we respectfully request our Senator and Delegates to ask the Legislature to revise the act, and to alter its objectionable features.

Serious Accident.

On Saturday morning last, as Mr. Jacob Tutwiler, of this place, was engaged in taking down the walls of the Old Academy building, a large portion of one of them fell upon him, and covered him up completely. He was taken out, after some efforts, and we fear is seriously injured.

A negro man who was assisting in the work was also injured, but not so badly.

Mr. T. is an industrious poor man, whose case justly calls for public commiseration and aid, and we hope will receive all proper attention from the benevolent.

THE FREE EXHIBITION.

Plumbe's Daguerrian Gallery will close on Friday evening next. Those who have not yet profitted by the opportunity afforded of obtaining Pictures, have a few days still left to do so.

A RARE PRODUCTION.

Mr. George H Riley of this county, set out in his garden for seed, early this spring, a beet of last year's growth, from the top of which grew a body or branch measuring some eight feet in height.

A splendid sword has been presented to Lieutenant, now Captain Randolph Ridgely, of the late Major Ringgold's Flying Artillery, by the citizens of Baltimore, for his gallantry and military services in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. At the request of Capt. R, the sword will be kept in Baltimore, until he returns from the campaign.

The citizens of Howard District, we observe, are taking measures to have another sword made for this gallant hero.

ODD FELLOWS' PROCESSION.

Transmitted for the Baltimore American.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17, 8 P. M.

The Odd Fellows had a glorious day for their procession in honor of the dedication of their new Hall. The sky was unchequered by clouds, and the rays of the sun reflecting back from the glittering regalia and trappings of the brethren combined to render the display one of unparalleled splendor.

Our city is filled to overflowing with an avalanche of Odd Fellows, and the Monumental city is well and largely represented among the thousands who have filled every steamboat and railroad car that has arrived here during the last twenty four hours.

The formal dedication of the Hall took place at 9 o'clock this morning, in the presence of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and small delegations from each of the various encampments and lodges of this and other States, the dimensions of the Hall of course not being sufficient to allow a larger and more general attendance, so numerous were the lodges present. The following order was observed:

The ceremonies were opened by a prayer from the Chaplain, Dr. H. G. Moore, followed by an address by P. G. Samuel V. Patterson. The singing by the choir of an anthem, written for the occasion by P. G. S Patterson, followed next, after which the Dedicatory Address was delivered by the M. W. G. Master McKeever. The ceremonies concluded with music by a powerful band.

To allow the multitude to witness the ceremonial, the same programme was repeated at the Franklin Square, into which the thousands composing the procession filed on concluding the route marked out for them. Instead of the Dedicatory Address, however, an oration was delivered there by the Grand Chaplain of the U. S., James D. McCabe, of Richmond, Va.

Twenty States were represented, and the whole number parading is estimated to have been not less than 20,000. Every thing has passed off in the most satisfactory manner, without the slightest accident to mar the interest of the occasion.

The Raleigh Register states that Hon. W. P. Mangum has returned home, nearly if not quite restored to health.

The Milton N. C. Chronicle says—the whole Roanoke country is a prey to fever, bilious, congestive, &c.

The Hagerstown Torchlight says the sickness in and [illegible] is rapidly decreasing.

MAINE ELECTION.

The Boston Atlas of Friday furnishes returns from 267 towns—the greater portion of the State—embracing nearly the whole of all the counties except Aroostook. The Loco-Focos are completely routed. The majority against Dana, the Loco-Foco candidate for Governor, will probably be about 5,000. In the Frst Congressional District, says the Atlas, Hammons (Loco) is probably elected by a large majority. In the Second, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth, now represented by Loco-Focos, there is no choice. In the Third, Hon. Hiram Belcher is running ahead of the Whig ticket, and is elected by a majority of more than a thousand.

The Portland Advertiser thinks that two Whigs are elected in Somerset, four in Lincoln, and three in Kennebec. If so, with one in York, the Whigs will have ten Senators. The Locos have probably not more than seven or eight.

In the House returns have been received of the election of 27 Whigs, 19 Locos, 1 Abolitionist, and 43 towns no choice. Every thing now depends upon the manner in which the vacancies in the House shall be filled up at the coming trials.

AN OFFER OF MEDIATION.

The most important intelligence that the Cambria brought out, is, that Mr. Pakenham, the British Minister at Washington, has been instructed to offer the mediation of his Government, with a view to the settlement of our difficulties with Mexico. This fact was disclosed in Parliament by Lord Palmerston on the 24th ult., in response to inquiries from Lord Bentinck.

Accident.—The passenger car on the B & O. R. R. was detained on Tuesday, by one of the wheels of the front car becoming detached, this side of Monocacy, causing the cars to run off the track. A breakman named Henry Finnegan was seriously injured.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A young man named Arthur Lunt, from Richmond, fell from the balcony of the rotunda of the Baltimore Exchange, on Thursday night, and injured himself very much. He was in the habit of walking in his sleep, and as he was unconscious himself as to how he got where he was found, it is supposed he was sleep-walking when the accident occurred. A narrow escape truly, from death.

The Telegraph.

The people of Cincinnati seem determined to have the Telegraph line extended to their City. Their Chamber of Commerce have appointed a committee to favor the object. It will not stop there. St. Louis will be next in motion on the subject. The "lightning line," as it is very aptly called, will be the most popular of all others. Nothing short of lightning speed will satisfy the cravings of a restless public—and when that shall have been accomplished, we may well ask, what next?

The Electric Telegraph is to be extended from Philadelphia to New Orleans, by way of Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Nash- [illegible]

☞The Union says "it is no holiday business to be a *Whig* editor." Verily, not. The manufacture of all sorts of absurdities by the Locofoco press goes on so rapidly, that Truth stands but little chance of being attended to, and Whig ingenuity in combatting such stuff as the 'Father of Lies" himself only can beat, is often at fault. It is therefore no child's play to expose the volume of perversions which are daily put afloat. But the Union and those of its ilk have the Treasury to back them in their labors, and that accounts for the apparent ease with which they make "the worse appear the better reason."

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE AND ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

The Lancaster (Mass.) Courant, of September 11th, states that their citizens were thrown into the greatest consternation on that morning by the fact that an attempt had been made to rob and murder the Cashier of the Lancaster Bank, Mr. C. T. Symmes. It appears from the testimony of Mrs. Symmes, that about two o'clock she was awakened by her husband, who spoke to her, when, by a light which the burglar had brought into the room, they both perceived a man, with his back toward them, at work at the bureau. The villain immediately turned and caught Mr. S. by the throat, telling him to give him that hundred dollars.—[Deacon Parker, of Southbrough, had paid Mr. S. this money the previous evening, in the presence of the assassin.]

A violent scuffle ensued between them, which lasted some ten minutes, during which time the burglar made an attempt to kill Mr. S with a razor by cutting his throat. He succeeded in inflicting a very severe wound in the right side of the throat, about three inches long, striking the windpipe, barely escaping the jugular vein and carotid artery. Mrs. S. also received a cut upon the throat, about two inches long, as well as several others of a slight nature about her arms and person, of which there is no danger of loss of life. Mr S. is very much exhausted, but will probably recover.

Mr. S succeeded in getting one or more of the villain's fingers in his mouth, which he bit with such force as to loosen all his front teeth. This is the only clue to his detection, as yet.

The scoundrel is well known to both Mr. and Mrs S, but neither of them will as yet tell his name, as they both took a solemn oath not to say who it was, if he would spare their lives. We trust they will yet be led to a sense of their obligation to society—to the well being and security of the world—and not thus stand as a shield between the criminal and that punishment which he so richly merits.

The Boston Post adds, that on Friday afternoon, Mr. Symmes having become satisfied that his oath of secrecy was not binding on his conscience, disclosed the name of the villain—it is Otto Sutor—He is a German, and came to Lancaster from New York about a year and a half ago. He is 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, light complexion, florid, round face, sunburnt, and speaks with a German accent. The directors of the bank have offered a reward of $500 for his capture.

Direct Taxation

Some of the Loco Foco papers are beginning to show a bolder front upon this subject than heretofore, and we shall not be surprised to see it made a popular issue, under the idea that the rich property-owners will have to bear the greater part of the burthen, and the masses escape.—Whig opposition to the scheme may but give it a new impulse. Certain it is, a temporary resort to this mode of taxation will be necessary to pay off the war debt, unless peace shall very soon be secured.

THE UNIVERSITY.

The Charlottesville Advocate says "it is the opinion of several well informed persons with whom we have conversed that the next session of this Institution will be as well attended, as any for the last several years, and that there will be a very decided increase upon the number of students at the last session. There is indeed every reason in favor of the steady and growing popularity of the University."

Gough, the Temperance Lecturer.

Mr. John B Gough and lady arrived in Washington, on Tuesday evening, and left next morning for Boston. Mr. G.'s health is fast improving. It is said he will return to Virginia about the first of November, to commence the winter campaign against the most destructive enemy of man.

The River and Harbor Bill.

The Buffalo Express, in order to impress the President with an idea of the importance of that harbor, (denied assistance by his veto,) states the arrival there in one week, of 11 Steamers, 3 Propellers, 11 Brigs, and 43 Schooners, bringing to the wharves there 181 979 bushels of wheat, and 21,074 barrels of flour—making an equivalent of *two hundred and eighty seven thousand three hundred and forty bushels of wheat!* Besides this large amount of breadstuffs, a fair amount of other produce, lumber, &c., also arrived.

☞The papers announce the death of Ex-Governor Foot, of Connecticut.—This gentleman filled nearly all the posts of honor within the gift of his State. It will be remembered that it was upon resolutions introduced by him into the Senate of the United States, in 1829, that the great debate on the powers of the Constitution occurred between Mr. Webster and Mr. Hayne.

Arrival of the Cambria.

Fourteen Days Later from Europe

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Transmitted for the Baltimore American.

Philadelphia, Sept 8, 10 P. M.

The Steamer Cambria arrived at Boston this morning. She brings 113 passengers, among whom are the Hon. Washington Irving, Wm. Shaine, and B. Mainer, bearer of despatches; and also the celebrated Cruikshanks, the caricaturist &c. [illegible] Henry, who fired at the King of France, has been sentenced to the galleys for life.

The Bank of England has lowered their rates to 3 per cent.

The grain crops of England have been gathered, and will be an average yield.—Potatoes every where will be a failure.

On the first inst., there was a fair demand for good Western Canal flour at 26s. 6d. to 28s. per barrel. The wheat market has been fluctuating. It advanced 4s. per quarter on the 24th ult, and a further rise took place. Subsequently the weather changed for the better, permitting the agriculturists to secure crops. Purchasers were reluctant to operate, and business was dull on the 31st ult. Wheat declined 2s per quarter below the rate current on that day week.

On the 1st there was a fair demand for wheat at former prices. Indian Corn was held at 21s. to 30s. per quarter. There was much enquiry for this article, and a firm at Limerick, has sent orders for a dozen cargoes.

Cotton, since the 28th ult., has been very animated. Large lots taken at a quarter of a penny advance in price on some qualities. The advance is fully $\frac{1}{8}$th on all descriptions. This was occasioned by the accounts brought by the Hibernia that the crop would be late.

No change in tobacco. Flour was in demand at Havre. Sales have been made at 32f and 33f. to arrive.

The British iron trade has improved in consequence of the passage of the new American Tariff.

The American provision market is in a buoyant state.

Parliament had been prorogued on the 28th ult.

Her B. M. ship of the line America, had arrived in England with $6,000,000 in specie, collected on the west coast of Mexico and in Peru and Chili.

Conservative presidents and vice presidents of the French Chambers have been elected by large majorities.

The Queen of Spain is to marry her Cousin the Duke de Cadiz, eldest son of Don Francisco, Duke de Montpensier.

A treaty of commerce has been published between Denmark and Prussia.

At the Cape of Good Hope, on the 18th of May, ten thousand Caffres, who had swarmed around Fort Peddie were dispersed by artillery and rockets, leaving a large number of dead. The firing having frightened the cattle which were gathered beneath the walls of the Fort for Protection, they broke loose, and 4000 or 5000 were captured by the Caffres.

On the 18th of June a thousand Caffres were surprised between two parties of the British. They defended themselves gallantly, but several hundred of them were galloped over and cut down in retreat.

The news from America announcing that the American Government had made overtures of peace to the Mexican Republic, caused a great change in the aspect of Mexican affairs, and produced quite a revolution in the market value of that stock.

One mercantile firm in Limerick, has sent out for a dozen cargoes of Indian Corn.

New York, Sept. 18.

DESTRUCTION OF NIBLO'S THEATRE.

The Theatre at Niblo's Garden, in this city, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning.

Battle with the Mormons.

The papers contain accounts of a battle between the Mormons and the Anties who have been beleaguering Nauvoo.—They came in contact on the 11th, near that City, and after a fight of two hours the Anties withdrew, having had from 8 to 15 men killed, and many wounded.—The Mormons had only one killed and two wounded. It was expected the battle would be resumed.

☞The tendency of the Flour market is upward, and the Locos are ascribing this to the new Tariff, to go into operation on the 1st of December! Last year, the price was higher, yet no Whig had the folly to assert that it was the effect of the old Tariff. A temporary scarcity of supplies operated then, as it does now.

Earthquake.—By the late foreign arrival we learn that Tuscany was visited with an earthquake. Whole villages were thrown down, and at least 70 persons killed, nearly 180 wounded and more than 4,000 deprived of a shelter.

Mr. George Bancroft, Minister to England, has taken passage for himself and family on board the Great Western, on her next voyage out.

Accidents.—The body of Jacob Onderdonk was found drowned in a small stream near Little Georgetown, in this County, on Saturday morning last. An inquest was held over the body, and a verdict returned, as we learn, of *death from drowning*. This poor and unfortunate man was very intemperate, and doubtless fell into the water while drunk and while under the influence of a "drunken fit," was unable to extricate himself, and there died. The water, we understand, was only a few inches deep. This is another awful warning to the drunkards—will it be heeded by them?

Mr. Philip Throckmorton, a laboring man, while engaged at a threshing machine in the Southern part of the County, a few days since, was accidentally caught in the machine whilst in operation and had his leg dreadfully torn and lacerated. We learned from a gentleman from the neighborhood yesterday, that he was doing as well as could be expected, and it was likely that he would save his leg, though he would be a cripple for life.

[*Martinsburg Gazette, 17th inst.*

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE PATRIOT OFFICE,
Saturday, September 19 2 P. M.

THE MARKETS.—Buyers and sellers manifest but little disposition to operate until they have received further advices in regard to the Cambria's news. Holders of Howard street, City Mills and Susquehanna Flour are firm at $4.50; some are not willing to take it.

The supply of Grain is still pretty large.—Good to primo red Wheat is held at 90@95 cents; white Wheat, for family flour, 118@120 cs; Oats 30@31c; Rye 65@70c; white Corn 63c, and yellow 60@61 cents.

Whiskey is selling at 22@23 cents per gallon in hhds. and bbls, and is in fair request.

MARRIED.

At Harpers-Ferry, on Tuesday evening, the 15th instant, by the Rev. Nicholas Leimen, Mr. Thomas McNulty of Baltimore city, Md. to Miss Ann Lavina Cox, daughter of Mr. Joshua Cox of the above named place.

On the Bridge at Harpers-Ferry, on Wednesday night, the 16th instant, by the Rev. John F. Price, Mr. Bartholomew Rutter, of Harrisonburg, Rockingham county, to Miss Elizabeth Laley, of New Market, Shenandoah county, second daughter of Mr. Michael Laley.

In Frederick city, Md. on Thursday evening the 17th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Stonestreet, Mr. James F. Gibson, of Harpers-Ferry, to Miss Ann Agevia Stewart of Leesburg, Loudoun county.

At the same time and place, and by the same, Mr. Charles Smith to Miss Mary Theresia Burk, both of Harpers-Ferry.

On Monday the 31st ultimo, by the Rev. Thomas Birkby, Mr. John W. Payne to Miss Jarusa Jinkins, all of Loudoun county.

On Tuesday evening the 8th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Sparrow, Mr. Rufus Smith, of Loudoun county, to Miss Mary Hoofe, of Alexandria.

At Philadelphia, on the 3d instant, by the Rev'd C. W. Gardner, Mr. Bazil N. Goines, of Loudoun county, to Miss Harriet D Shearer, of that city.

On Thursday morning the 17th inst., by the Rev. A. H. H. Boyd, Mr. Wm. D. Brown to Miss Ann Maria, eldest daughter of Mr. William Diffenderfer, all of Winchester.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. E. Heiner, Godfrey S. Miller of Winchester, Va., to Marianna, eldest daughter of Peter E. Sperry, Esq., of Baltimore city.

DIED.

On Thursday the 27th ultimo, at his residence near Shepherdstown, of a pulmonary disease, Mr. Samuel I. Taylor, aged thirty years.

On Wednesday the 16th instant, Charles Eugene, son of Capt. John Reed of this town, aged 10 months.

"Transplanted from the woes to come,
To heaven's immortal bower,
Through all eternity to bloom,
A sweet and fadeless flower."

In Upperville, on the 4th inst., of congestive fever, Lucy Hopkins Jackson, in her 10th year, eldest daughter of the Rev. Wm. Jackson of that place. A child of rare intellectual endowments and a warm and affectionate heart; she has left a fond parent, and sorrowing friends, to join a sainted mother in that world where sickness and sorrow are unknown.

At Millwood, on the 5th inst., of pulmonary congestion, Mrs Mary Ann, wife of James H. Neville, in the 34th year of her age. By this afflictive dispensation, an affectionate husband has been indeed bereaved, and several small children, (the youngest not four weeks old,) are thus deprived of that fostering care which a mother alone can bestow. God has promised, and he will provide.

On Saturday week, in Berkeley county, Mr. George Shoafstall, aged about 30 years.

On Thursday week, George Washington, son of George and Mary Snyder of Martinsburg, in the second year of his age.

At Bedington, in Berkeley county, at an advanced age, on Monday week, Mr. Wm. Hamill, formerly of Pennsylvania.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Departed this life, on the 9th instant, Mrs. Lydia Davis, mother of Mrs. Sarah C. Howell of this town.

The exemplary goodness of the deceased, made her esteemed and respected by all who knew her; and her piety, resignation and patience, as conspicuously shone throughout a long illness, will ever render her memory a pleasure and pain.

We hear, day after day, of those held most dear to society departing from it; we hear it, 'tis true, but do we duly appreciate their virtues by imitation? Do we pause, ponder and reflect, that with every departure of this kind, a voice is heard—how awful, how sublime—Prepare! Come, inherit the kingdom of Heaven! O, angelic sound! It was thy voice that awakened the pious Mrs. Davis. She's gone—her immortal spirit's fled! and

'Joy breaks, shines, triumphs—'tis eternal day,
Why then her loss deplore that is not lost?
Why wanders wretched thought her tomb around?"

Notices.

☞Providence permitting, an extra meeting will be held in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Smithfield, commencing on Saturday, Sept. 26th, at which time and place, the Trustees of all the Churches in connection with Jefferson Circuit are requested to meet. A full meeting of the Trustees is desirable.

Sept 17. [Spirit copy.

CHURCH NOTICE.

The Pew Rent of the Episcopal Church will be due on the 1st of October next, and prompt payment is most earnestly requested.

N. S. WHITE, Collector.

Sept 17—*Spirit copy.*

Harpers Ferry
National Historical Park
Microfilm Collection

To the LADIES of Harpers-Ferry.

MANTUA-MAKING.

MISS SARAH W. FRAZIER most respectfully informs the Ladies of Harpers-Ferry and its vicinity, that she has commenced the Dress Making Business, at the residence of Mr. Lover, on High street, and is prepared to make, alter and repair Dresses, &c., in the neatest style and latest fashions. Her best energies will be devoted to please, and she trusts she will receive a portion of the public patronage. The best references given as to capability.

Three or four young Ladies will be taken to learn the business.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept 24, 1846—3t.

NOTICE.

ALL those who made purchases at the sale of Mrs. Mary Timberlake's estate, on the 7th day of January last, are hereby informed that their bonds and notes will become due on the 7th of October next, when prompt payment is requested, as indulgence cannot be given.

RICHARD TIMBERLAKE,
Sept 24, 1846. *Adm'r.*

NOTICE.

AS the Alexandria Canal is undergoing some repairs which it is expected will not be completed before the first week in October, we have thought it advisable to inform our customers and dealers generally, that we have made arrangements by which they will be conveyed to Georgetown, *Free of Charge*, with the greatest despatch McVEIGH & BRO.

Alexandria, Va., Sept 24, 1846.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

THE subscriber invites a call from his many old friends and customers at his stand, No. 2, Miller's Row, where they will find him prepared to execute all work in the very neatest and most substantial manner. He is in the regular receipt of the

Latest & Most Approved

Styles of Fashion;

And having just received them from New York, he is prepared to execute according to the taste of his patrons. He would only say, that he is better prepared than ever, by longer experience, to cut and fit, and all work that may be cut and made up in his establishment, he will warrant, or no pay.

He has in his employ a young man of great experience on Coats, and who has a reputation in this branch of Tailoring, *equal to any man in the world!*

Gentlemen disposed to assist me in procuring a support for my family, will please give me a call. J. H. KININGHAM.

Charlestown, Sept 24, 1846—3t

N. B. Wood, Corn, and country produce generally, taken in exchange for work at market prices

American Curry-Combs.

THE subscriber, Agent for the Manufacturers, is prepared to supply Country Merchants with any quantity of American Curry-Combs at less prices, and superior to the imported article. Country merchants are invited to call and examine these Combs at No. 46, South Calvert, corner of Lombard Street, Baltimore. JOHN P. F. STANLEY.

Baltimore, Sept. 24, 1846—3t

North Bend, In Market.

THE subscriber intending to remove to the West, offers his property for sale situated on the corner of Mill and High streets, in Shepherdstown, consisting of a good and comfortable

Dwelling House,

Smoke-house, and a Coachmaker's Shop, (an old stand,) a never failing well of excellent water in the yard, and a LOT well set with an extensive variety of well selected *YOUNG FRUIT TREES.* Those wishing to make a good investment would do well to call soon. A bargain can be had.

JOHN MILLER, C.

Shepherdstown, Sept 24, 1846.—tf

An Overseer Wanted.

A MAN without family, who can bring testimonials of good character, as relates to honesty, industry, and sobriety, and who has had charge of a Farm sufficiently long to gain a practical knowledge of farming, will find a good situation, and liberal wages. None need apply except they can come up to the above requirements. JULIET A JACK.

Sept 24, 1846—tf.

Company Orders.

THE Halltown Company will parade in Halltown, *on Saturday the 3d day of October next.*

The Company formerly commanded by Capt. West, will parade at Mrs. Hull's in Charlestown, *on Saturday 10th Oct.* The three different Companies in the Shepherdstown district will parade in front of Joseph Entler's *on Saturday the 17th Oct.*, and the Smithfield Company will parade in Smithfield *on Saturday the 24th day of Oct.* The hour of parade in all cases at 11 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Colonel.

J. W. ROWAN,
Adj. of the 55th Regt. Va. Militia.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, at the late residence of Sam'l I. Taylor, dec'd, three and a half miles South of Shepherdstown, *on Tuesday the 21st of October, if fair*—if not, the next fair day—

All the Personal Property

Belonging to the Estate, consisting of

6 or 7 head of young and valuable work Horses,—Gearing, &c.,
Milch Cows and Stock Cattle,
18 or 20 head of Sheep,
30 head of Hogs,
Brood Sows and Shoats,

A GREAT VARIETY OF

Farming Implements,

Such as Wagons, Bar-shear, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Harrows, &c. One Sleigh.

TERMS—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums of five dollars and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; under that sum cash.

No property to be removed till terms are complied with.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A M.

J. H. TAYLOR, *Ex'r.*

Sept 24, 1846.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Valuable REAL ESTATE,

On the Island of Virginius.

THE undersigned, as Special Commissioner appointed for the purpose, by decree of the County Court of Jefferson, rendered on the 21st instant, in the cause of Hunter, guardian, vs. Beckham's children, &c., will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on *Saturday the 16th day of next month, October, 1846,* in front of Herr's mill, near the premises,

A STRIP OF LAND,

Lying on the upper and south side of the island of Virginius—between the Railroad and the main branch of the river, containing as is supposed 2 acres 3 roods and 1 perch—from which however is to be excepted so much of it as is occupied by the W. & P. Railroad.

A diagram of it can be seen at my office, and will be exhibited on the day of sale.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money cash; the residue in two equal payments at four and eight months, with interest from date. The title to be withheld until the whole shall be paid.

Sale to take place about 2 o'clock, P. M.

ANDREW HUNTER,
Sept 24, 1846. *Special Com.*

Seasoned Wood Wanted.

30 CORDS of Seasoned HICKORY or OAK WOOD wanted at the "Free Press" Office—a few cords immediately.

Sept 26, 1846.

STRONG Cider Vinegar, for sale by
Aug 27. *Wm R Seevers.*

STEPHENS & WELLS,

MERCHANT TAILOR & READY-MADE

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT

Corner of Potomac and Shenandoah Streets,

HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

THE undersigned take this method to make known to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and the public in general, that they have just returned from the Eastern markets with a New and Splendid assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Goods, which have been selected with great care, and comprise in fact the taste and fashion of the East. Amongst their stock may be found—

Cloths,

Of almost every shade, color and price, from 50 cents to $12 per yard, and all intermediate prices.

Cassimeres.

A large and splendid assortment from 37½c to $4 per yard, and intermediate prices.

Vestings.

A splendid assortment from 37½c to $6 per pattern, and intermediate prices.

Satinets.

The cheapest and best in the county, from 37½ to 1,25 per yard, and intermediate prices.

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

A good assortment, which we will sell at reduced prices to suit the times.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A large and general assortment, such as Over coats, Dress and Frock Coats, Coatees, and Sack Coats, Vests, Pants, Roundabouts, Shirts, fine and common, Drawers, Bosoms, Collars, Stocks, Cravats, Pocket Hdkfs, Suspenders, Gloves, and Socks, and in short a general variety of such articles as are generally found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

We respectfully ask a call from the public, and we pledge ourselves to use every exertion in our power to give satisfaction.

We have also received the latest

French, English & American FASHIONS,

And are prepared to make up garments at the shortest notice, and in the most approved manner. Good fits warranted.

STEPHENS & WELLS.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept 24, 1846.

Notice to Farmers & Millers.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Farmers and Millers in general, that he still continues the

Coopering Business,

In South Bolivar, near Mr. Hall's tavern.

I have engaged my father, S. A Pilcher, to conduct the business for me, and he is authorized to buy, sell, and receipt in my name.

I wish to engage FOUR good and steady COOPERS to make flour barrels, to whom a fair price will be given.

JOHN W. PILCHER.

Sept 24, 1846—2m

$50 REWARD

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Friday morning, 18th instant, a NEGRO GIRL named *MARIA*, a bright mulatto, about 15 years of age, 4 feet 10 inches or 5 feet high, rather stout built. She had on when she left a blue striped cotton dress, and took no other clothing with her. A reward of ten dollars will be given if taken in the county; twenty dollars will be given if taken in any of the adjoining counties; and the above reward will be given if taken out of the State—and in each case secured so that I get her again.

P. McBRIDE.

Harpers Ferry, Sept 24, 1846

NOTICE.

HAVING purchased the entire interest of Mr. James McDaniel in the concern of J McDaniel & Co., (together with the benches, lasts, and other tools belonging to him,) in the business of manufacturing BOOTS & SHOES, in all its branches, will hereafter be conducted at the stand recently occupied by the firm, in my name, and on my own account. Mr. McDaniel being appointed my Agent in carrying on said business, will give to it, as heretofore, his well known skill and industry, so that our old customers shall be accommodated hereafter with the same promptness and fidelity as heretofore.

SAMUEL RIDENOUR.

May 7, (1st.) 1846.

To my old Customers.

CIRCUMSTANCES beyond my control having compelled me to adopt a new arrangement for making a living, as shown by the above notice, I respectfully make known to my old customers, that so far as they are concerned, they shall lose nothing by the new arrangement, in being served promptly and faithfully, and upon the most accommodating terms.

My compensation as agent, depending upon the success of the business, I respectfully solicit from the public, the same generous patronage heretofore extended to me. Respectfully,

JAMES McDANIEL.

May 7, (1st.) 1846. *Agent.*

REMOVAL.

Charlestown Refectory.

THE undersigned has removed from the building recently occupied by him, cross corner from the Bank to the House adjoining the Store of Mr. J. J. Miller, and opposite the Post Office. The patronage so kindly bestowed upon him, has induced a renewed and more vigilant effort to establish a Refectory in Charlestown, worthy the encouragement of her liberal citizens. At his present location (besides many additions that are to be made,) he will continue to keep on hand, at all times, a large and general assortment of

Candies, Fruits, Cakes,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,

Which will be offered on the most reasonable terms. His candy is of his own manufacture, and is warranted to be equal, if not superior, to any ever offered in this market.

On hand, a fresh supply of the very celebrated *Medicated Hoarhound Candy*, which has received the recommendation of the Medical Faculty here, as elsewhere, as a simple and most efficacious remedy for coughs and colds, so frequent at this season of the year.

Cakes will be furnished to families for parties, &c., at the shortest notice, and at prices but little above the first cost of the materials.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of the town are respectfully invited to call at his Establishment, as he will take pleasure in administering to the appetites of the most fastidious.

JOHN F. BLESSGIN.

March 26, 1846.

Flaxseed Oil.

1 BARREL Flaxseed Oil for sale by
Sept 10. S H ALLEMONG.

Brien's Nails.

50 KEGS assorted, just received by
Aug 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

200 TWILLED Cotton Bags, for sale by
Aug 20. T C SIGAFOOSE.

500 LBS. prime family Bacon, on hand and for sale by
Aug 20. S HEFLEBOWER & CO.

TWILLED Cotton Bags and Bagging, for sale.
Aug 27. *Wm R Seevers.*

Shad & Herring,

JUST received and for sale very low by the barrel or dozen. W. MILLER.

North Bolivar, Aug 20.

1 DOZEN Hamper Baskets, for sale by
Aug 20 *T C Sigafoose.*

Lambaugh's Composition,

A CURE for Rheumatism, for sale by
Sept 3. J H BEARD.

FLY BRUSHES.

6 BEAUTIFUL Fly Brushes, made of the fowl Feathers, for sale by
July 30. J J MILLER.

6 KEGS Rock Powder, for sale by
Aug 20. T C SIGAFOOSE.

Clarke County Land for sale.

THE undersigned, wishing to dispose of his Farm, situated in Clarke County, Va two and a half miles from Summit Point Depot, on the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, five miles north of Berryville, offers it at private sale. The farm contains about

150 Acres;

Fifty of which are in good timber. A detailed description is deemed unnecessary—suffice it to say, a great bargain will be given. Possession given on the 1st of January next, or sooner if desired. THOS. W. McCORMICK.

Berryville, June 4, 1846—tf.

The undersigned is authorized and will attend to the sale of the above property.

P. McCORMICK.

Sept 17, 1846.

Pay up your Taxes!

THE Taxes for the year 1846, are now due, and it is earnestly desired that those indebted will promptly discharge the claims against them.

☞I will attend at my office in Charlestown, on every Friday.

JOHN W. MOORE, *D. S.*

Sept 17, 1846—tf. *For J. Moler.*

Shingles & Plank Wanted.

TEN thousand good Oak Shingles, and any quantity of Pine Plank and Scantling will be taken in exchange for goods at fair cash prices, by W S LOCK.

Sept 17.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber intending to remove to the West, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday the 3d day of October next*, on the premises,

A TRACT OF LAND,

Lying between the Shenandoah River and Blue Ridge, one and a half miles South of Harpers Ferry, containing

72 Acres and 23 Perches,

On which are erected

Two Log Tenements,

and one New Barn. There is a never-failing spring on the land, and running water in five fields; there is about twenty acres of good Timber—all under first rate fencing—and the cleared land in a high state of cultivation.

Any person desiring to view the land will be shown the same by Mr. JOHN INGRAM, who resides on it, or by application to the undersigned.

Terms for the Land—One fourth in hand, and the remaining three-fourths in three equal annual payments with interest from date, to be secured by good personal security, or a deed of trust on said land.

ALSO—*At the same time and place, the following*

PERSONAL PROPERTY

Will be sold without reserve:

Three head of first-rate Work Horses,
3 head of Cattle,
2 Fattening Hogs,
1 two-horse Wagon, nearly new,
1 first-rate Wheat Fan, new,
1 do. Harrow, "
1 do. McCormick Plough,
2 do. Shovel "
1 Log Chain,
40 or 50 barrels of Corn at the pile,
About 200 bushels first rate Rye,
Collars, Bridles, Plough Gears, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to enumerate.

TERMS—On all sums of five dollars and upwards six months credit, the purchaser giving bond and approved security; sums under $5 cash. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

ISAAC SMITH.

Harpers Ferry, Sept 17, 1846

ATTENTION.

A New Project; Worthy of Attention.

GREAT inducements for adventurers to enrich themselves. *Sixty Dollars in every one hundred nett!* guaranteed back at the worst luck, by SOUTHGATE & CO., when tickets to the amount of $500 are ordered—the Purchaser may select any Lottery, can take regular packages of tickets, or shares, or a portion of each, or can take promiscuous tickets, and out of as many different packages as may be desired, or any particular Numbers he may fancy to run upon.

Southgate & Co. are the only venders in the Union that ever offered such superior chances to Ticket Buyers. It will be seen we risk more on the guarantee than the purchaser, but we are not the least fearful of the result, as we are confident that among such a vast quantity of tickets there must be drawn several Three number Prizes; and very probably some of the Capitals. If Shares are taken in a $5 scheme, it will give the adventurer Twelve Hundred Numbers! and if in a $2½ Lottery, Twice the former number!

On the receipt of $200, we will send the Certificate that cost $500.

Now is the time for Clubs to be formed in this way—the risk, individually, will not be large. For ourselves, we have every confidence in a glorious result of the needful. Let the project be tried. Address,

SOUTHGATE & CO.,
Pennsylvania Avenue.

Washington, D. C, June 18, 1846.

COTTON BAGS.—A large lot Cotton Bags and Bagging, for sale by
KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Sept 10.

PRESERVING Furnaces and Kettles, for sale by *Wm R Seevers.*
Aug 27.

Philadelphia Syrup,

A NICE article for table use, for sale by
Aug 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Dry Goods, Low!

FULL assortment of Dry Goods for sale very low!

A large stock of Osnaburgs, duck, bagging, and cotton yarn, &c., which I will sell unusually cheap F DUNNINGTON.

Walper's ✕ Roads, Sept 10.

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

AN additional supply received and for sale.
Aug 27. WM R SEEVERS.

MOULDBOARDS.—McCormick and Davis pattern, for sale by
Aug 20. *T C Sigafoose.*

Shingles Wanted.

A LOT of Oak Shingles wanted. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

Coal Stoves.

THE attention of those in want of COAL STOVES is invited to the improved kind that is now being manufactured at the Harpers-Ferry Foundary, which consists of five different sizes, suitable for Offices, Shops, Stores, Churches, &c. *Also* on hand, *Hot-Air Cooking Stoves*, which will be delivered and set up in any section of the country they may be wanted.

WANTED—A large quantity of Old Copper and Brass, and old Cast and Wrought Iron which will be taken in exchange, at the highes price, for any thing in my line.

HUGH GILLECEE

Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 1845.

Bargains, Bargains!

WE would call the attention of our customers and the public generally, to our Stock of Goods, which we are now selling off at reduced prices—many articles at cost—and some greatly below.

CRANE & SADLER.

Aug 27.

5 BARRELS No. 1 Herrings, just received and for sale. JNO J LOCK & CO.
July 23

PREPARED CHALK, for sale by
J H BEARD.

Wool Wanted.

WANTED in exchange for Goods, 500 pounds of Wool.
Sept 3. WM S LOCK.

FREE EXHIBITION.

Plumbe Nat'al Daguerrian Gallery and Photographic Depots,

ESTABLISHED in 1840, and awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and the Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, for the most splendid colored Daguerreotypes, and best apparatus ever exhibited.

At the Court House, Charlestown, for a few days.

205 Baltimore street, Baltimore, adjoining Campbell's Jewelry Store.
Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington city.
No 251 Broadway, New York.
75 Court street, Boston.
136 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

☞ PORTRAITS taken in any weather, in exquisite style.

Apparatus, Instructions, and all Materials furnished.

September 10, 1846.

Alexandria, Va., Sept. 1846.

McVEIGH & BRO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND SHOE DEALERS,

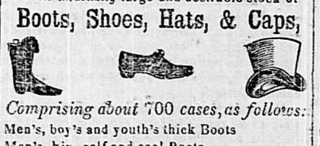
TAKE pleasure in informing their customers and purchasers generally, that they are now receiving, direct from New York and Boston, their FALL Supply of Groceries, &c., consisting in part, as follow, viz.

50 hhds. St Croix, Porto Rico & N. Orl. Sugar
40 boxes English and double refined Loaf, "
12 " white and brown Havanna, "
10 bbls Pulverised and Crushed, "
100 hhds. tierces and barrels N. O. Molasses.
Porto Rico and Cardenass, "
200 bags strong scented green Rio Coffee, } COFFEE
125 Gov. Java, Maracaibo & Angostura,
200 St. Catharine, Laguira & St Domingo,
20 'Cape' coffee:
35 chests and 5 chests Gunpowder Imp, } TEAS.
Young, Hyson and Powchong Teas, of superior quality.
115 boxes 12's, 14's, and 16s,' } TOBACCO.
35 " 5's, and 8's,
25 " sup'r Cavendish,
10 " sun cured, satin leaf, extra fine,
25 kegs Garrett's Scotch Snuff,
3 bbls Scotch Snuff in Bladders,
25 jars scented Snuff,
15,000 Principe Segars, (best brands,)
10 000 La Norma "
25,000 half Spanish "
75 000 American "
12 tierces fresh best Rice,
150 boxes Rosin Soap,
125 " Shaving " (great variety,)
125 " Mould and Dipped Candles,
50 " Sperm do.,
20 " Adamantine,
100 " Cheese,
75 " Starch and Chocolate,
100 reams No. 1 and 2, feint lined, Cap paper,
125 " do. Letter,
75 " plain Letter and Cap,
250 " Double and Single Wrapping paper,
50 " do do Tea do
500 sacks "Factory filled" Fine and Ground Alum Salt,
50 bbls No 1 gross Herring, family,
50 " net do
100 boxes Bunch Raisins,
100 half and quarter boxes raisins,
25 " Shelled Almonds,
25 Bales Almonds, Filberts, Pecon & Brazil Nuts,
3 cases Prunes, in glass jars,
10 " Preserved Ginger,
20 boxes rock candy, 1,000 do Genoa citron,
20 baskets salad oil, 50 boxes Sardines,
75 kegs madder and saltpetre
3 casks of copperas, 25 bbls chip logwood,
150 kegs Epsom Salts, saleratus, Brimstone,
[illegible] white lead, 10 tons Iron Bars,
1000 lbs bar lead,
5 casks putty in bladders,
100 boxes mirror glass, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12,
1 hhd lampblack, 100 doz painted buckets,
150 doz Mason & Blane's challenge blacking,
100 boxes pipes, German, 75 doz cornbrooms,
100 demijohns, 2, 3, and 5 gallon,
20 bags pepper and pimento,
35 boxes ground pepper,
40 do Sanger's mustard,
75 kegs Hazzard's sporting powder,
50 do blasting do
200 bags shot, assorted no's,
50 coils bed cord, and lean. line rope,
Cassia, nutmegs, mace and cloves,
25 casks Old Maderia Wine,
25 casks pale and brown Sherry do.
30 casks sweet Malaga and Muscat do.
35 casks Lisbon, Sicily and F. Madeira do.
25 baskets Champagne (grape brand) do.
30 bbls Sperm, 20 Train, and 20 Linseed Oil,
50 " pure cider vinegar.

All of which have been selected with great care, and purchased upon the best terms. Now that we have returned to the "good old Commonwealth," we hope a large portion of her former trade will return to us, and that the ready and cheap mode of transportation by way of *Canal*, with a large and well selected Stock of Goods, will be a sufficient inducement to dealers at least to give us a trial.

They also take pleasure in directing the attention of Country Merchants and other dealers to their *unusually* large and desirable stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, & Caps,



Comprising about 700 cases, as follows:

Men's, boy's and youth's thick Boots
Men's, kip, calf and seal Boots,
Boys' and youths' do. do.
Men's thick Brogans,
Men's Monroe's and kip do
Boy's and Youth's do. do.
Women's Morocco and kid welt Buskins,
Do. do. do. Ties,
Ladies' extra fine Morocco Buskins and Ties,
Do. do. Gaiter Boots,
Do. do. Gaiter Buskins,
Do. Leather Bootees,
Do. do. Buskin and Ties,
Do. low priced kid and Morocco Slippers,
Misses Leather, Kid & Morocco Welts & Slips,
Children's Boots and Shoes (great variety.)
50 cases men's navy or planter's brogans, very heavy, and extra size, with a great variety of men's, woman's, misses and children's Gum Shoes,
250 cases *HATS & CAPS*, comprising Beaver, Silk, Russia, Cassimere, Drab & Black Wool,
Also—Every variety of Fur and cloth caps,
150 Hair Trunks, (assorted sizes)
1500 lbs Shoe Thread, assorted Nos.

Purchasing direct of the manufacturers in New England, upon the very best terms, they feel themselves fully prepared to offer in this branch of their business as great inducements as can be met with in any of the Northern markets.

Prince St. Wharf, Alexandria, D. C.,
Sept 17, 1846.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

A VALUABLE Family Medicine for Consumption, coughs, colds, whooping cough, liver complaint, &c. &c., just received and for sale by J H BEARD.

Sept 10.

Stocking Yarns.

COARSE and Fine Stocking Yarn for sale by CRANE & SADLER.

Sept 10.

School Books.

AS the schools of our town and county are about to commence their fall sessions, I invite the attention of parents and teachers to my stock of School Books, which comprises every Book in common use, and all at lowest prices. J J MILLER.

Sept 3.

JUST received, a fresh supply of Fancy Ware. [illegible]
Aug. 20, 1846.

STOCK OF GOODS

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, as Trustee, under the general assignment recently made by Wm. N. McCoy, for the benefit of his creditors—being so authorized by the deed—offers for sale

THE ENTIRE

Stock of Merchandize

In the Store-house at Harpers-Ferry, recently occupied by said McCoy.

With the Stock of Goods, which will be sold on very advantageous terms, if purchased in gross, the unexpired term of the *Lease of the Store House*, can also be had.

The Goods are new and fresh, and with the advantages of the stand for business, on the Corner of Shenandoah and High Streets, Harpers-Ferry—great advantages are offered to any one wishing to engage in the retail business at that place.

Applications can be made to the undersigned, or to Mr. Wm McCoy, at Harpers-Ferry

ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee.*

Sept 10, 1846—3t.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I HAVE just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia, where I have purchased

A Large Stock of Merchandize,

which I am now opening. My stock embraces every article kept in first class stores. I will name a few, as follows, viz—

Cloths, a very great variety in prices & colors,
Cassimeres, black, blue black, mixed, striped, barred, &c.
Cassinets, a great many pieces, from the best to the best,
Vestings, very rich and new style, of every quality,
Flannel, white, red and yellow,
Blankets, a very fine assortment,
Linseys, fulled, striped and plaid,
6-4, 5-4, 4-4, 3 4 brown and bleached cottons,
Silk hdkfs., cravats, stocks,
Jaconet, cambric, bishop and India lawn,
Bobbinet, Swiss muslin, and a great variety fancy cap stuffs,
Bonnet and cap trimmings, neatly assorted,
Shawls, a great variety from from 37c to $10.
Swiss, lisle, lace & thread edgings & insertings,
Calicoes, a very heavy stock,
Wallets, pursues, tapes, thread, buttons, needles,
Whips, brushes, pencils, combs, pins,
Cotton laps, cotton wadding, and candle wick,
Kid, silk, and worsted gloves for ladies, children and men,
Hats, caps, boots and shoes of every quality,
Screws, hinges, files, rasps, cards, curry combs,
Locks, latches, knobs, hand and wood saws,
Knives and forks, scissors, plane bitts,
Faucets, tea and table spoons, tea kettles,
Shovels, coffee mills, shot and powder,
Hatchets, bed screws, chisels, augers, &c. &c.

A good stock of Tin and Wood Ware.

Coffee, New Orleans, and Porto Rico Sugar,
Bacon, ham, shoulder and side, rice, cheese,
New Orleans and sugarhouse molasses,
Tobacco, segars and snuff, Imp., Y. H., bilge,
Pepper, all-spice, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs,
Raisins, ginger, mustard, and saleratus,
Indigo, starch, candles, coarse and fine salt,
Soda, butter and water crackers,
Herring, shad and mackarel,
Sperm, fish and linseed oil, paint stuffs,
White and red lead, and oil,
Window glass, several kinds of QUEENSWARE,
A very fine assortment of Castings, rope, &c.

I cannot enumerate more than a few of the many articles which comprise my large, carefully and tastefully selected stock, which I have bought on the best terms; and which I shall sell at very small profits, as my expenses are not great, and my desire is strong, to merit and obtain a liberal share of the patronage of a generous and enlightened community. My most permitting attention shall be given to my business, so that those who may favor me with a share of their custom, may be well assured that no effort will be spared by me to make their patronage merited.

I formerly kept, and my stock contained every article kept by him, in addition to many others which my experience, in common with his, has told me were necessary to make the establishment attractive.

The variety of my stock, and the prices at which I shall sell, I am determined to have unequalled. I shall be glad to see *old friends* and the public at large. Call and examine my stock. I flatter myself it is competent to please the most fastidious. The public's servant,

MICHAEL DORAN,

Aug 20, 1846.—tf—*Spirit copy*

Jefferson Land for Rent.

TO a good tenant, a FARM containing upwards of Two Hundred Acres of Plough Land.

A situation may also be had upon early application, by a man of small family and steady habits, who can do fair carpenter work. For terms, &c apply to the subscriber, near Hillsborough, Loudoun county, Va.

GEORGE BACKHOUSE.

Sept 10. 1846—tf

Sheep for Sale.

THE subscribers have on hand and for sale, between THREE & FOUR HUNDRED SHEEP, very superior size and quality of Stock Sheep. Persons desirous of purchasing will do well to call and see them early—one and one-fourth miles above Halltown.

JOHN T. HENKLE,
MILTON MOORE.

Sept 10, 1846.

Splendid Segars.

I HAVE the pleasure to inform those who smoke, that I have just received a supply of very *superior imported* Segars, fully equal to any thing ever offered in this market. Also, super Chewing Tobacco. I invite all to an examination of the same. J J MILLER.

GARRETT'S Scotch Snuff—A genuine article, just received and for sale by
Sept 3. J J MILLER.

Hamilton's Preparation of Wild Cherry.

A CERTAIN cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburns, Waterbrash, &c., for sale by
Sept 3. J H BEARD.

Valley Bank Stock for Sale.

12 SHARES of Valley Bank Stock for sale, by J. H. McENDREE.

Sept 10, 1846.

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted by note or otherwise, for the years 1843, '44, and '45, are requested to make payments for these respective years, by the 1st October, 1846, as it will be essential to the interests of both debtor and creditor that settlements be made up to that time.

S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Kabletown, Sept 17, 1846

A Clerk Wanted.

A YOUNG man of known integrity and capacity as salesman, book keeper, &c., and with some experience in business, can obtain the entire management, and a permanent situation in a country Dry Goods Store, for a term of say one, two or three years, with a liberal salary. Enquire (postage paid) of

Sept 17, 1846 THE EDITORS.

Plough Irons.

JUST received, an assortment of Hughes' double refined iron rounds and squares, large and small;

Full assortment Bar and Scollop Iron;
Horse shoe and nail iron; Plough irons;
Double and Single Shovels, &c. all of which will be sold very low for cash.

No other manufacture of iron kept for sale.

F. DUNNINGTON.

Walper's ✕ Roads, Sept 10, 1846.

For Farmers.

I HAVE just received a supply of Fulled and Plaid Linseys, Flannels, and Tweeds, &c., which I will sell low or exchange for wool at market prices. J J MILLER.

STOCKING YARN.—Coarse Stocking Yarn for servants, for sale by
Sept 3. J J MILLER.

BULLSKIN LAND

FOR SALE

THE subscriber offers for sale that portion of his farm lying North of Bullskin Run, and adjoining the Shannondale Ferry,

Containing about 185 Acres

of Land. He will add to it a detached lot of 15 Acres of Woodland, if it be desired by any one making a purchase of the above land.

J. C. R. TAYLOR.

July 30, 1846—tf—*Spirit copy.*

$100 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Kerneysville Depot, Jefferson county, Va, on Tuesday night the 1st instant, a Negro Man named GEORGE MACKEY. He is about 25 years old, about 5 feet 10 inches high, stout made, large whiskers, woolly head, swaggering walk—he sometimes appears pleasant—He took with him a dark cloth close-bodied coat, nearly new, cassinet pants, white roundabout and pants, and black fur hat.

I will give the above reward for the apprehension of said negro if taken in Maryland or Pennsylvania; or Fifty dollars if taken in Virginia—in all cases to be secured so that I get him again. SAM'L RUCKLE.

Sept 10, 1846—3t.

Hagerstown Herald 3t and high adv.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN obedience to a Decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, in the suit of Towner vs. Chapline, &c., will be offered at public sale, *on the 14th day of October next*, at the residence of Mrs Ann R Chapline, near Shepherdstown,

The Life Estate

Of the said Ann R. Chapline, in a Tract of about 175 ACRES of LAND, on which she now resides. Also, her Life Estate in the following personal property to wit:

12 SLAVES,

Armistead, Harry, Rachel, Mary, Samuel, Thomas, Cecelay, Rachel, Eliza, Catharine, Preston, and Susan; and all the

Household & Kitchen FURNITURE,

AND

FARMING UTENSILS,

On the premises, which are conveyed to the undersigned by the said Ann R. Chapline, by deed of trust dated the 1st of April, 1846.

Terms of Sale—For land one-third cash, and the balance in six equal annual payments, to be years, with interest from day of sale, and secured by bond with personal security, and by the personal deed of trust under the cash; all sums under $10 cash; all sums under $10 cash; all sums under $10

THE FREE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT

TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS

PER ANNUM,

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be taken in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance.

☞ Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged.

☞ Subscriptions for six months, $1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are, for a square or less $1, for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square. ☞ All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and *charged accordingly.*

Mr. V. B. Palmer, American Newspaper and Advertising Agent in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, has been appointed Agent for receiving and forwarding subscriptions and advertisements for this paper, at his offices in those cities respectively, viz:

Baltimore, Southeast corner of Baltimore and Calvert Streets.
Philadelphia, No. 59, Pine Street.
New York, No. 30 Ann Street.
Boston, No. 14 State Street.

VARIETY.

'Upper Ten' of Refinement.—'Jane, you not learn Arithmetic.'
Governess.—'Why dear, in looking through
Dear I saw that the *fractions*
girl stepped
young man, w—
but *dared* not young and pretty
counter selling *drugs* where a spruce
remain as long as possible enamored
every thing; at last she behind the
you think I am cheating you? opened
'Oh, no,' said the youngster, believe
are always *fair.*'

'Well,' whispered the young lady, you
ing as she laid an emphasis on the w
'I would not stay so long bargaining,
you were not so *dear.*'

Natural Philosophy.—'Isaac can you describe a bat?' 'Yes, sir, he's a flying insect about the size of a stopple; has Indian rubber wings, and a shoe string tail; he sees best with his eyes shut, and bites like the old Harry.'

Artless Simplicity!—'Mamma,' lisped a fashionable young lady the other day, 'shall we have the same servants in Heaven that we have here? I should *so* like to have Polly to dress me in the mornings.'

"Murder in a Bank!"—The Boston Traveller stated a few days since, that a *bill* was thrust into the face of a President of one of the banks, when he killed the intruder on the spot. Out of this announcement the lovers of the horrible have manufactured a 'terrible murder in a bank,' but it turns out that the *bill* thrust into the face of the bank officer was that of a *musquito!*

It is said that a married woman in Pittsfield, Mass., was struck dumb by the firing of a cannon. Since then, a number of married men, it is said, have invited the artillery companies to come and discharge their pieces on their premises!

'What is the chief use of bread?' asked an examiner at a recent school exhibition.

'The chief use of bread?' answered the urchin interrogated, apparently astonished at the simplicity of the inquirer, 'the chief use of bread is to spread butter and molasses on it.'

An ungallant Editor.—An editor of some paper in New York very ungallantly says that he knows a lady who was twenty years of age ten years ago, and at the present time she is only twenty-three.

They smoke so much in Holland, that when a party are in a room and any one is wanted, the waiter goes round with a pair of bellows, and blows the smoke from before each face, that he may distinguish the individual called for!

We recollect hearing of a church in one of our eastern cities, which had a liquor store in its basement. Some sensible wag wrote upon its door.

"There is a spirit above, and a spirit below,
A spirit of joy, and a spirit of wo;
The spirit above is a spirit divine,
But the spirit below is a spirit of wine."

Manners.—I've always taught my children to say *yes, sir,* and *no, sir,*' remarked Mr. Fidget.

'There's nothing like manners in children. Here Tommy,' she continued, 'would you like to go and live with this gentleman?'

'No.'

'No *what!*'

'No, *sir-ee!*'

The report that an old lady, in her anxiety to hear a courting scene ran her head through a keyhole, is now contradicted.

'Doctor,' said a patient, about five or six years ago, after reading over a prescription of a distinguished physician whom ill-health had obliged him to consult, 'do you think that a little spirits now and then would hurt me very much?'

'I do not think a little now and then would hurt you very much' but, sir, if you don't take any, it won't hurt you at all.'

The best yet.—'My dear Polly, I am surprised at your taste in wearing another woman's hair on your head,' said Mr. Smith to his wife. 'My dear Joe, I am equally astonished that you persist in wearing *another sheep's wool* on your back. There, now.' Poor Smith sneaked.

'You must mind your p's and q's now, Miss Eliza,' said an elder sister to a little girl. 'I suppose then, I must be *prim* and *quarrelsome?*' 'No,' was the rejoinder of a third, 'you must be *polite* and *quiet.*'

Banter, but never make the cheek red.

Wool, Wool!

I WILL give the highest market price for washed and unwashed WOOL, in exchange for C. Billmyre's make of Fulled and Plaid Linseys, or any other kind of merchandise.

JOHN K. WHITE.

Shepherdstown, May 21, 1846.—tf

STRONG Cider Vinegar, for sale by
Aug 27. *Wm R Seevers.*

Young Ladies Boarding School,

By Rev. L. Eichelberger,

WINCHESTER, VA.

Angerona Seminary.

THE exercises of this Seminary for Young Ladies will be resumed on *Tuesday the 1st of September.* The instructions of the institution will embrace, as heretofore, the various branches of English, Classical and Ornamental Education. Pupils will have the benefit of the personal instructions of the undersigned, and as only a limited number will be admitted, each pupil will receive such attention as must secure satisfactory progress.

Heretofore, the expense in most institutions has been so great as to deter parents from sending their daughters from home to enjoy the advantages of good education. Anxious, as far as practicable, that this difficulty should be obviated, young ladies will be admitted into this institution at an average expense not exceeding $120 for the scholastic year of 10 months, or $100 to pupils under twelve years of age, and in the case of two or more pupils from the same family $100 each. This to include the entire expense of board, washing, light, fuel, and tuition, in all the branches of English and Classical education. Reference to circulars, furnished on application to the undersigned, either personally or by letter.

L. EICHELBERGER, *Principal.*

Winchester, Aug 27, 1846—3m.

Winchester Medical College,

THE Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the 1st Monday of October, and terminate the last of May.

The chairs are filled by the following gentlemen—

HUGH H. McGUIRE, M. D. Professor of Surgery:
DANIEL CONRAD, M. D. Professor of Anatomy and Physiology:
J. PHILIP SMITH, M. D. Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine:
JOHN J. H. SKRAPH, M. D. Professor of Obstetrics, Diseases of Women and Children, and Medical Jurisprudence:
WM. A. BRADFORD, M. D. Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica.

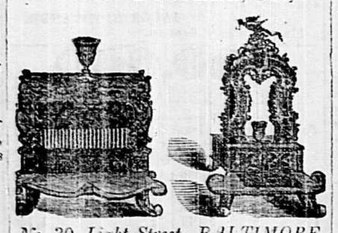
The term of instruction being 8 months, (during the usual period will afford ample time to the student, to revise and keep pace with the classes, thus obviating the necessity of private study.

Facilities will be afforded for frequent opportunities to witness the lesser and more important surgical operations than any Hospital in the U. States. Independent of the surgical cases, the student can constantly find interesting cases illustrating the various diseases of the South, with the treatment which experience has thoroughly tested. The City Alms House is under the charge of one of the faculty, and will be open to the Medical Class for clinical instruction. The facilities for studying practical anatomy and operative surgery are unsurpassed. Physicians in the country and others who do not receive the Catalogue for the present year, which will be issued during this month, (July) will please send their names and post-office (post-paid) to the Dean.

AUG. L. WARNER, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

Richmond, July 16, 1846—$5

JACOB FUSSELL, Jr.,



No. 30, Light Street, BALTIMORE,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of those wanting articles in his line, to the very extensive assortment which he now has on hand, embracing all the different varieties of

Stoves, Furnaces, and Ranges.

Those represented above are particularly recommended for Parlors, Setting Rooms, &c., one being adapted to wood and the other to Bituminous or Anthracite Coal. They being all cast-iron are rendered very durable, and at the same time more ornamental than anything heretofore gotten up. The price of the wood stove is $14, that of the coal stove $12.

Also, superior four boiler

Cooking Stoves,

(Kitchen Companions,) with large ovens, and a variety of fixtures particularly adapted to country use, and which should be found in the kitchen of every family, being obtainable by all, from the very moderate price.

The following is a list of prices, including all the apparatus:

No 1, taking	18 inch wood			$13 00
No 2, do	20 do	do		15 00
No 3, do	22 do	do		17 00
No 4, do	24 do	do		20 00
No 5, do	26 do	do		24 00

Also—Air tight Stoves for chambers, &c., at from $5 to $8.

Persons in the country wanting any of the above Stoves, by addressing the subscriber, and enclosing the cash, may depend on having as good an article sent as if they were present.

JACOB FUSSELL, Jr.,
No 30, Light Street, Baltimore.

Sept 10, 1846—6m.

G. Fisk & Co.,

AGENTS for the sale of the Genuine Patent Galvanic Rings, and Christie's Magnetic Fluid, a positive and permanent cure of Rheumatism and all Nervous Complaints.

For sale at Brown's Hotel, Washington, D. C.
Jan 1, 1846—1y.

Preserves in Bottles.

PRESERVED Crab Apples, do. Prunes, Apple Jelly, &c., for sale by

Sept 3. J H BEARD.

NOTICE.

ORDERED, by the Board of Directors of the Harpers Ferry & Shenandoah Manufacturing Company, that the subscribers to the Stock of said Company are requested to pay their instalments as follows: Two dollars per share on the third Friday in August inst.; three dollars per share on the third Friday in September next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in October next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in November next; and four dollars per share on the third Friday in December next, payable to Geo. Mauzy, Treasurer of the Company, personally, or at the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank of Frederick county, Maryland, or the Office of Discount and Deposite of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown.

Note—To prevent mistakes, the Stockholders are requested to continue to pay at the places at which the first instalments are paid, unless a change of residence should make it necessary to do otherwise. JAMES GIDDINGS,

Aug 6, 1846. *President.*

C. E. Wetmore & Co.,

Dealers in Imported, Domestic & Fancy Hardware, Table Cutlery, Waiters, Silver Plated & Britannia Ware, Block Tin & Japanned Ware, Solar and Hall Lamps,

COMPRISING a great variety of articles under each of the above heads. Great inducements are offered to cash dealers. Give us a call. Hotels and families furnished complete at the shortest notice, and at the lowest cash prices. Call at No. 10, North Charles st., Baltimore, opposite the Union Bank, and near the new Methodist Church.

Baltimore, Aug 20, 1846—tf.

Canfield, Brother & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Dealers

IN Watches, Fine Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Lamps, Military and Fancy Goods, No. 227, Baltimore Street, corner of Charles street, Baltimore.

IRA C. CANFIELD,
WM. B CANFIELD,
JOS. H MEREDITH,

July 23, 1846—tf

JENKINS & LILLY,

Saddlers, Harness, & Trunk MAKERS,

NO. 10 South Street, Baltimore. Military Works, for Horse, Infantry, Rifle, or Artillery Companys, at short notice, all warranted of the most approved style.

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—2m.

Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats,

Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, &c.

ANDERSON, WARE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No 116 Lombard Street, Baltimore, Md.

HAVE now received their usual large supply of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats, Caps, Bonnets and Umbrellas, to which they invite the attention of Country Merchants visiting this market, usually purchasing respectfully request those who would examine their stock and prices; feeling assured the result will be favorable to the Baltimore market. Their stock at present consists of

3,000 PACKAGES, to which additions are daily arriving. They would name in part—

Men's, Boys' and Youths' thick sewed Brogans
do do " russet do
do do do " pegged Boots
do do do " sewed do
do do do kip and neats mocks
do do fine calf and goat boots
do do do do do do
do do heavy calf, kip & grain'd Boots
do calf, seal, grained and roan slippers
do do do French edge pumps
Women's & misses' calf, kip & [illegible]
do do " " do sewed do
do do " " do peg'd & sew'd (strap shoes
do do " " do peg'd & sew'd (buskins and ties
do lasting & cloth gaiters & gaiter buskins
do & misses morocco & kid buskin & tie welts
do do patent calf, morocco & kid tie rounds
Children's kip, calf & grain'd peg'd strap & lace (boots
do " " do sew'd do
do morocco, kid & goat side lace gaiters
do do " " " boots
do do " " ancle ties & buskins
do roan boots, all colors
Men's, women's, misses' and children's gum (over shoes
do do do metallic rubber slippers, sandals & buskins
do do do boots
do fashionable beaver, nutria, Russia, Moleskin, Angola and Coney Hats
do B. B. Nutria, Russia, Moleskin, Angola and Coney hats
do Pearl Ashland and Sporting Hats
do White, drab and black wool do
do Shetland, Fur and Hair Seal Caps
do Spanish, Opera & round top muskrat do
do Fur, Seal & Astrichan 'Gie Bull' do
do Fine and common Guard Cloth do
do Mohair, double plush, red Guard and selette do
do Silk, Imitation Silk, & common glaz'd do
do and boys' glazed top, fur band cloth do
Boys' Hair, Seal, Spanish & common selette do
do fancy cloth and velvet do
do Spring do spring button & fine guard do
do Honey Comb, Octagon and common do
Women's & misses' Florence, Pedal and Devon Braid Bonnets
Do do Heods, in great variety,
Silk and gingham whalebone and steel frame Umbrellas
Gingham and Cambric do and cane do do
Canvas, hide and hair Trunks, Shoe Thread, Blacking, Leather, &c. &c.

Baltimore, Aug 27, 1846.

WALTER CROOK, Jr.

UPHOLSTERING

AND

Paper Hangings Warehouse,

NO. 220, Baltimore Street, near Charles street, Baltimore, keeps constantly on hand a large and general assortment of goods in his line of business, viz:

Satin and Worsted Damask, assorted colors
Watered Moreens
Cashmerine, and Borders to match
Curtain Trimmings
Cornices, Ornaments, and Curtain Rings
Embroidered and plain Curtain Muslins
Curtain Bands and Clasps
Silk Cords and Tassels
Curled Hair and Moss, Feathers; together with a general assortment of

Curtain Materials and Upholstery Goods.

Also, a large assortment of French and American Paper Hangings, suitable for Parlors, Drawing Rooms, Chambers, Halls, &c. together with Borders, Columns, Views, and Fire-Screens.

He makes to order, Bed and Window Curtains, Feather Beds, Curled Hair, Moss, and Husk Mattresses, Carpets, Cushions, Venitian Blinds, Shade Blinds, and all work in the Upholstery and Paper Hanging Business attended to.

Country Merchants and others are invited to give me a call.

Baltimore, Oct 2, 1845—1y

For Sale.

THE subscribers have for sale a stationary Engine and Boiler, of eight horse power, which may readily be run up to ten or twelve horse power. The boiler is 24 feet long and 30 inches in diameter in the clear. Also, a double Saw Mill, of Crosbey's Patent, together with two carriages, Straps, and all the irons belonging to said Mills, and two Circular Saws, of about 24 inches in diameter, and all the Straps belonging thereto. Also one of Mr. John Wernwag's make of Stavecutter and Jointer, the whole of which will be sold low for cash or good paper.

SCHOFIELD & MAUZY.

Harpers-Ferry, Aug. 27, 1846—1m.

Music! Music!!

A LARGE assortment of Music at two cents per page, for sale by

Sept 3 J H BEARD.

WHEATFIELD HOTEL,

Baltimore, Md.

THIS Hotel is situated on Howard street, two doors north of Baltimore street, and in the immediate vicinity of the business part of the city. It contains upwards of 100 rooms, many of which are parlors with bed rooms adjoining, suitable for families. It has been thoroughly furnished with new and elegant furniture and all the accommodations to be found in any Hotel in the east.

The proprietor flatters himself that his long experience in the business will enable him so to conduct the establishment in every department as to render entire satisfaction to all his guests.

Merchants, travellers, &c. visiting Baltimore, will find it a healthy and desirable location.

J. McINTOSH, Proprietor.

Baltimore, April 3, 1845.—tf.

GLOBE INN,

CORNER of Baltimore and Howard streets, Baltimore, Md.

Board $1 per day.

A call from the travelling public is solicited Good Stabling. Attentive servants always in attendance.

JACOB BOHN, *Proprietor.*

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—1y.

FOUNTAIN INN,

[Late Beltzhoover's.]

Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

W. W. DIX, ARTHUR L. FOGG, } Proprietors,

HAVING leased this extensive and favorite establishment, and entirely renovated and refitted it thoroughly, so that it can compare advantageously with any similar establishment in the Union, have no hesitation in endeavoring to attract the attention of the travelling public to this favorite Hotel. If the most strenuous exertions, joined to every possible convenience to be found elsewhere, can insure success, they pledge themselves that its former well-earned reputation shall not only be merited but surpassed.

In accordance with the difficulties of the times, they have determined to reduce their charges to correspond. Terms $1,25 Per Day

Baltimore, Oct 2, 1845.—f.

Hartwell's Washington House,

No. 223, Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

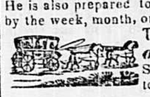
THE above establishment having recently undergone thorough repairs, and re-furnished throughout, presents all the advantages of a new house, with the long experience of the present proprietor, who can only assure his patrons that his efforts will not be relaxed to secure every luxury that may conduce to the comfort or pleasure of his guests.

Baths—warm and cold, in fine apartments, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

April 30, 1846—6m.

UNION HOTEL.

THIS large and commodious House, recently erected by Mr. Isaac Paul, on the Railroad, is now open for the reception of the public, and the subscriber begs leave to say that no effort on his part shall be wanting to render the stay of those who call upon him, agreeable.—He is also prepared to accommodate boarders by the week, month, or year.



The ***Daily Line of Stages,*** to the South, (via Staunton,) run to and from this house.

A. S. RHODES.

Late Proprietor Cloverdale Hotel.

Winchester, March 5, 1846—tf.

CARRELL'S

WESTERN EXCHANGE,

HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

Dining Point on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

Summer Arrangement.

FOR the accommodation of Passengers in the Cars, I will have daily for DINNER, Ham, Beef, Veal and Mutton. Fowls, boiled, roasted and fried, with a plentiful supply of Vegetables and Pastry.

FARE ONLY 25 CENTS.

Ice Cream, Cake, Jellies, and Fruit, and every thing the Baltimore market will afford, shall always be in waiting for those that wish good fare, and also to patronize the opposition, *where Ladies and Gentlemen have only to pay for what they get.*

Ale, Wine, Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, for those who may desire them.

My situation is the most convenient at the place, where Passengers cannot possibly be left.

I return my thanks to the many friends that have patronized me, and hope always to merit the same. E. H CARRELL.

Harpers Ferry, May 21, 1846.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE undersigned most respectfully inform the public that he has leased the Hotel at Harpers-Ferry, known as the UNITED STATES HOTEL. He has been flattered by the kind testimonials he has received of the satisfaction and approval of his conduct as a landlord in *Charlestown,* and bringing to his residence the experience of some years, he believes he will be able to maintain his character among his friends, and to acquire new tributes of approbation from the travelling public. He is determined to keep a good house, and one which will recommend itself.

He asks the travellers by the Rail Road as well as all others to give him one call, and if there be any reasonable cause of complaint of the fare or the manner of its service, a second visit will not be expected. He will endeavor to be polite and courteous, and all in his employ, connected with the Hotel, will be required to practice the same deportment. Preparations have been made for the accommodation of visiters—singly or in families, and the best the markets afford will be at the service of his patrons. His bar will be furnished with good WINES and LIQUORS, and his Stable will be attended by one of the best ostlers the State can produce. JOS F. ABELL.

April 10, 1845.

FROM WINCHESTER

TO

CACAPHON SPRINGS.

A FOUR-HORSE COACH will leave Winchester *twice a week,* for this well known Watering place, viz: Mondays and Fridays—returning Tuesdays and Saturdays. The road is excellent, the scenery fine, and the accommodations and water unsurpassed. To persons in search of health or pleasure, there are but few places more desirable, at which to spend a few weeks, than the Cacaphon.

Distance 28 miles—Fare only $2!

Office, Rhodes' Union Hotel.

KEMP & RIPLEY, *Proprietors.*

Winchester, July 9, 1846.

The Farmer's Friend.

THE undersigned begs leave to return his thanks to those old and tried friends who have so long patronized the shop at present under his management, and would say to them, that for the future, it shall have more claims than ever for their support. As to his work, it has stood the test heretofore, and it cannot nor shall not, in the future, be beat, for durability, price of neatness. Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, Ploughs, Harrows, and in short everything belonging to his line, shall be made or repaired to order, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

ALEXANDER SHANNON.

[illegible] Timber and all kinds of produce taken in [illegible] work. [illegible]

Virginia, Jefferson Co., Sct.

IN the County Court, August Term, 1846—

Adam Showman, Plaintiff,

AGAINST

Joseph Clayton and Louisa, his wife, John Showman and Lavina, his wife, John Pebble and Essophina, his wife, Josiah Rohrer and Caroline, his wife, and Pembroke, Melville, Jane and Lorenzo Showman,

Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants not having entered their appearance, & given security according to the act of assembly & the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered,* That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next November term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste,
T. A. MOORE, *Clerk.*

Aug 27, 1846.

VIRGINIA, to wit:

AT Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August 1846—

Benjamin T. Towner, Plff.,

AGAINST

Adam Kretzer and Joseph Myers, Adm'r of Henry Kretzer, dec'd, Defts,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendant, Adam Kretzer not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country; *It is ordered,* That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste.
R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug. 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

James Collett, George Byers Administrator of Joseph Smith, dec'd, and Michael Hensell, Ex'r of Jacob Hielman, deceased, Pltfs.,

AGAINST

John T. Cookus, Ex'r of Jacob Crowl, dec'd, Michael Cookus, and Elizabeth his wife, Ellen Crowl, Henry Lecklider and Mary Ann his wife, Jacob Crowl, Michael Crowl, Peter Crowl, John Crowl, Joseph Crowl, Catharine Welshans, Isaac Masks and Polly his wife, Martin Stip, John Snyder, Jr., and Eliza his wife, William Rickard, and John Rickard, the said Elizabeth, Ellen, Mary Ann, Jacob, Michael, Peter, John, Joseph, Catharine, Polly, Martin, Eliza, William, and John, being the children and grand-children, and devisees, of the said Jacob Crowl, deceased, Defts.,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defend's, Joseph Crowl and Jacob Crowl, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that *it is ordered,* That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the Plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A copy—Teste

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

William C. Worthington, Pltf.

AGAINST

John Davenport, John Davenport, Administrator with the will annexed of Eliza J. Davenport, dec'd, and ——, children of the first named John Davenport, Samuel J. C. Davenport, John A. Davenport, and Ellen H. his wife, Margaret S. Davenport, and Elizabth Davenport,

Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, John Davenport, (the first named defendant,) and ——, children of the said defend't, and John A. Davenport & Ellen H. his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered,* That the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house, in the said town of Charlestown.

A copy—Teste,
ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

George W. Suppington, Pltf.

AGAINST

John Davenport, John Davenport, Adm. with the will annexed of Eliza J. Davenport, deceased, ——, the children of the first named John Davenport, S. J. C. Davenport, John A. Davenport, and Ellen H Davenport his wife, Margaret S. Davenport, and Elizabeth Davenport,

Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, John Davenport the first named defendant, ——, children of said defendant, and John A. Davenport and Ellen H. his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered,* That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste.

ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

WARRANTED

French Burr Mill Stones.

THE subscribers having associated themselves for the purpose of

Manufacturing FRENCH BURRS,

Take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they are now prepared to execute all orders with promptness and despatch, and on as reasonable terms as city prices. Orders [illegible] and the adjoining counties [illegible] with satisfactory references, will be promptly attended to. They may be seen at our shop near the Depot. WILSON, FUNK & CO.

Winchester, May 14, 1846—6m.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in August, 1846:

John Kretzer and Jacob Kretzer, Pltfs.,

AGAINST

Adam Kretzer and Joseph Myers, Administrators of Henry Kretzer, dec'd, the said Adam Kretzer in his individual character, the said Joseph Myers and Elizabeth his wife, Elizabeth Kretzer, Daniel Kretzer, Henry, Sarah, Thomas, and Ann Elizabeth Wintermoyer, Sarah Beltz, and Daniel Beltz her husband, Aaron, Margaret, and Henry Clay Fulk, Jacob Wintermoyer, and William Henry Show,

Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defts., Adam Kretzer, Daniel Kretzer, and William Henry Show, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: *It is ordered,* That the said defend'ts do appear here on the fifth day of the next term, of this Court, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste,
ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 20, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in August, 1846:

Joseph Nichols, Pltf.,

AGAINST

Thomas H. Perdue, William Nichols, Charles Brooke, and Leonard Jewell, late partners contracting under the name of Perdue, Nichols & Company, Alfred McGeath, Thomas Nichols, Isaac Nichols, George Gregg, Joshua Nichols, Richard Osburn, Andrew Hunter, and David Lockheart,

Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defts., Thos. H. Perdue, Charles Brooke, and Leonard Jewell not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said deft's. do appear here on the first day of the next Term and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court House in the said Town of Charlestown. A copy—Teste,

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

William F. Mott, Jun., Pltf.

AGAINST

Elias Lockwood and Arthur Lockwood, Merchants and partners trading under the name and firm of Lockwood & Company, and the said Elias Lockwood, and Richard Parker, Joseph L. Russell, John H. Allstadt, Dolphin Drew, Francis W. Drew, and John W. Moore, Defts.,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, Elias Lockwood and Arthur Lockwood, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court: and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: *It is ordered,* That the said deft's do appear here on the first day of the next term, of this Court, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county. A copy—Teste,

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

August 6, 1846

VIRGINIA, to wit:

At Rules holden in the clerk's Office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

Charles Moler, Pltf.,

AGAINST

Adam Moler, Daniel Moler, and John Moler, Thomas Black and Samuel Elder, partners in trade under the name of Black & Co., Henry Moler, Mahlon Beans, Jacob Swagler, John Kephart, Henry Miller, John T. Henkle, James M. Brown, The Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown, William Anderson, Jacob Moler in his own right and as executor of Jane Moler, Isaac Henkle, & D. G. Henkle,

Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defend's, Thomas Black, Samuel Elder and William Anderson, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered,* That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, in the county of Jefferson, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste.

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

To the Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned having leased the WARE HOUSE, at Shepherdstown, recently occupied by Mr. William Shortt, is now prepared to forward Grain & Flour to the District Market, or to purchase, or make liberal advance when received.

THOMAS G. HARRIS.

Jan. 22, 1846.—tf.

To Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned has moved from the ware house lately Rented from Mr Shepherd's Heirs, into his own large new Stone Ware House, and is still prepared to Forward

Grain and Flour

To the District Markets, or to purchase or make liberal advances when received

WM. SHORTT.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 12, 1846—tf.

"Spirit of Jefferson" and "Martinsburg Gazette," will pease copy.

Cash for Negroes.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the *very highest cash prices.*

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Shepherdstown, on the second Monday, and at Charlestown on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to. WILLIAM CROW.

Charlestown, Nov 20, 1845—tf

Insensible Perspiration.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the INSENSIBLE PERSPIRATION. It is the great EVACUATION for the impurities of the body. It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it; it is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means, of nearly all the impurities within us. The blood by this means only works itself pure.—The language of Scripture is in the BLOOD is the Life." If it ever becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the INSENSIBLE PERSPIRATION. It never requires any internal medicines to cleanse it, as it always purifies itself by its own heat and action, and throws off all the offending humors, through the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary when the blood is stagnant or infected, is to open the pores and it relieves itself from all impurity instantly. Its own heat and vitality are sufficient, without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores upon the surface.—Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. The Thompsonian for instance steams, the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist deal out infinitissimals, the Allopothis bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quick gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of the Insensible Perspiration, we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhoek, and the great Boerhaave, ascertained that five-eights of all we receive into the stomach, passed off by this means. In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particle of the blood, and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five-eighths of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.—And even when this is the case, the blood is of so active a principle, that it determines those particles to the skin, where they form scabs, pimples, ulcers and other spots.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold, the pores are stopped, the perspiration ceases, and disease begins at once to develope itself. Hence a stoppage of this flow of the juices originates so many complaints.

It is by stopping the pores, that overwhelms mankind with coughs, colds and consumptions. Nine tenths of the world die from diseases induced by a stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration.

Let me ask now every candid mind, what course seems the most reasonable to pursue, to unstop the opres after they are closed. Would you give physic to unstop the pores? Or would you apply something that would do this upon the surface, where the clogging actually is? Would not this be common sense? And yet I know of no physician who make any external application to effect it; the reason I assign is, that no medicine within their knowledge is capable of doing it. Under these circumstances I present to physicians and all others, a preparation that has this power in its fullest extent. It is *McAllister's All-Healing Ointment, or the World's Salve.* It has POWER to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head, around old sores, upon the chest, in short, upon any part of the body, whether diseased slightly or severely.

It has POWER to cause all external sores, scrofulas, humors, skin diseases, poisonous wounds, to discharge their putrid matter, and then heal them.

CONSUMPTION.—It can hardly be credited that a salve can have any effect upon the lungs, seated as they are within the system. But we say once for all, that this Ointment will reach the lung quicker than any medicine that can be given internally. Thus, if placed upon the chest, it penetrates directly to the lungs, separates the poisonous particles that are consuming them, and expels them from the system. I need not say that it is curing persons of Consumption continually, although we are told it is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly.

HEAD ACHE.—The Salve has cured persons of the Head Ache of 12 years standing, and who had it regularly every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with the like success, as also Ague in the Face.

COLD FEET.—Consumption Liver complaint, pains in the chest or side, falling of the hair, one or the other always accompanies cold feet. It is a sure sign of disease in the system to have cold feet. The Salve will restore the Insensible Perspiration and thus cure every case.

In Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Piles, Asthma, running Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Broken or sore Breast, sore Nipples, Chopped hands, Swellings, Inflammations, Fevers, Nervous Diseases, and Spinal Complaints, the world never saw so great a remedy. For *Burns* it has no equal in the world.

SORE EYES.—The inflammation & disease always lies back of the ball of the eye in the socket. Hence the virtue of any medicine must reach the seat of the inflammation or it will do little good. The Salve, if rubbed on the temples, will penetrate directly into the socket. The pores will be opened, a proper perspiration will be created and the disease will soon pass off to the surface.

PIMPLES ON THE FACE, MASCULINE Skin, Gross Surface, Old Sores, Scald Head, this Ointment makes clean work of them all.

WORMS.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inw